THE MORNING STAR

Gives the Largest Quantity

And Variety of Reading Matter,

Of Any Daily Newspaper in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31		

Port Almanac—October 8.

Sun Rises	6 01 A M
Sun Sets	5 35 P M
Day's Length	11 h 16 m
High Water at Southport	10.20 A M
High Water at Wilmington	12.07 P M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Oct. 7.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 71°; 8 p. m., 74°; maximum, 84°; minimum, 63°; mean 74°.

Rainfall for the day .00; rainfall for the month up to date, 0.00.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina, local showers, followed by fair weather; westerly winds; cooler.

For South Carolina, light local showers; variable winds; cooler Tuesday night.

OUTLINES

Six men held up a train on the St. Louis & San Francisco road, near Fort Smith, Arkansas, and secured only 85 cents for their trouble. —The twenty-third annual convention of fire engineers is in session at Augusta, Ga. —The free silver Democrats of Ohio held a conference at Columbus yesterday; the attendance was small. —Eighteen persons were killed and one hundred injured in a railroad accident near Bussels. —Attorny General Harmon says the Corbett-Fitzsimmon's fight will not come off on any ground over which the United States has jurisdiction. —The Georgia Central Railroad was sold at auction yesterday for $3,000,000. —Democrats, Populists, and Prohibitionists in Franklin county, Kansas, unite on a county ticket to defeat Republicans. —Rain began falling in Raleigh last night for the first time in forty-five days. —A canal boat captain and his son were murdered by a mob of men at Tonawanda, New York. —The Baltimore Base Ball Club won the game played with the Cleveland club yesterday in the Temple Cup series. —Great preparations are being made for the reception of the Liberty Bell at Atlanta; railroads will run special trains from every direction in order to give people an opportuny to see the bell. —New York markets: Money on call firm at 2@3 per cent.; cotton dull—middling gulf 9⅝c; middling 9¼c; Southern flour dull and easy—common to fair extra $2.10@2.80; good to choice $2.90@3.80; wheat—spot dull and easy—No. 2 red in store and at elevator 65¼c; afloat 65⅝@65⅞c; corn—spot easier and more active; No. 2 at elevator 36½@36⅝; afloat 37½@37⅝c; spirits turpentine dull and nominal at 28@28½c; rosin quiet and steady—strained common to good $1.47½@1.53½.

One of the greatest revolutionists of the age died a few days ago in Chicago. It was Dr. Timbley, the inventor of the turbine wheel.

The last fiscal year American coffee-drinkers consumed $96,130,717 worth of coffee and sweetened it with $77,788,727 worth of imported sugar, not to speak of the home-raised sweetening.

It is said that bicyclist Lenz, who was wheeling around the world, was killed in Armenia because he rode a nickel-plated bicycle, which the natives took for silver, which they wanted to circulate in a different way.

A 6 year old boy recently made the trip from Germany to San Francisco alone. He was waybilled through with a white strip of cloth sewed to the sleeve of his jacket, containing his name, age, residence and destination.

The London papers say that Mr. Rose, the challenger for America's cup next year, does not belong to the English aristocracy. That doesn't make any difference. If he comes over here with a boat he will be scooped all the same.

On the 6th of next month Mr. and Mrs. Mosely, of Boston, will celebrate the 74th anniversary of their marriage. Mr. Mosely is 97 years old and Mrs. Mosely 95. Five generations of younger Moselys will participate in the festivities, and wish them many more returns, etc.

A Trenton, N. J., jury gave a woman whose husband was killed a couple years ago in a railroad accident $32,000 damages. They figured out that he ought to be worth that much to her as he received a salary of $4,800 a year, and based their verdict on that. It seems from this that the Trenton idea is that a man's value to his wife is contingent upon the amount of money he earns.

THE MORNING STAR

VOL. LVII.—NO. 14. WILMINGTON, N. C., TUESDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1895. WHOLE NO. 8,873

THE MORNING STAR, THE OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN NORTH CAROLINA.

The Only Six-Dollar Daily of its Class in the State.

Lieut. Peary says he never expects to see the North Pole, and is done hunting for it. As long as we know the North Pole is there, and as we wouldn't have any particular use for it if found, what's the use of men freezing and starving to death hunting for it? Let people who are fond of skirmishing around on icefields turn in the direction of the South Pole, and try their luck on that.

Henry Watterson, of the Louisville *Courier-Journal*, says he has been working for thirty years, is tired, wants a rest and is going to have it. He is a lucky editor who can take a rest when he wants it. We have no doubt that the Colonel has found editing a paper under the the particular conditions in Kentucky, and with his particular views, a very tiresome business.

A young lady in Kentucky had such a dread of railroads that she could not be prevailed upon to ride in a car. A few days ago she yielded to persuasion, and boarded a train at Burnside. A few miles out from town the train made a lunge, when she screamed, became frantic, and died before she could be removed from the car. It was a clear case of death from fright.

Electricity performs some queer freaks sometimes. While a man in Sacramento Cal., was riding along the street the other day, a trolley wire broke and falling one end touched his ear, completely destroying his hearing and the sight of one eye. Otherwise he was uninjured and there was no mark where the wire touched.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PIANO—For sale.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

To AGENTS—$12 a day.

LOST—Bamboo cane.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— Local forecast for to-day: Increasing cloudiness and probably rain.

— Hundreds of people came to town yesterday over all the different lines of railroad to see the big show.

— Mr. Dexter W. Fellows, Press agent of the "Wild West," is a good one. In fact, he is a "prince of good Fellows."

— The Weather Bureau reports the stage of water in the river at Fayetteville Sunday as 0.9 of a foot; a rise of two-tenths in 24 hours.

— The Helping Hand Committee of the Westminster League will hold an important meeting in the Primary Room of the First Presbyterian Church this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

— The Ladies Foreign Missionary Society of the First Presbyterian Church will meet in the church parlors this afternoon at 4 o'clock. A full attendance is earnestly requested.

— The Chief of Police was notified last night by police office McClammy that the trolley wire of the Street Car Company had burned out the fire-alarm wire at Front and Mulberry streets.

— The STAR will bet a big red apple that before the end of the present week, the steamer *Commodore* and her outfit, including dynamite bombs and Capt. Dillon, will be released and go on her way rejoicing.

— Wm. F. Cody, now known throughout the world as "Buffalo Bill," is 64 years old, but he is still a remarkably fine specimen of physical manhood. This is attributable in great part, no doubt to his life on the frontier, where he "roughed it" for many years, and thus became the equal of an Indian in strength and endurance.

To Save the Fish.

"A solitary horseman" of the colored persuasion attracted attention on Market street yesterday by the 2.40 gait at which he was moving. There were many conjectures as to the cause. Finally a STAR reporter, who was looking on, saw a bunch of Sound fish dangling from the left hand of the horseman, and the problem was solved. It was a warm day, and he was trying to get home before the fish spoiled.

Buy No Others.

All persons are hereby cautioned against buying copies of the STAR offered for sale on the streets unless, in every case, the words "For Transient Sale" are stamped on the margin of the paper. Should any newsboy or carrier offer for sale a copy of the STAR not so stamped he should be promptly reported at this office.

Cotton Notes.

Receipts here yesterday 2,729 bales; same day last year, 2,886.

Spot cotton steady in Wilmington at 8¾c for middling. Quotations same day last year, 5 13-16c.

NEW YORK TRUCK MARKET.

Full and Reliable Reports of Markets For Southern Fruits and Vegetables. By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—Light receipts of peaches but demand is limited. Sweet potatoes unchanged 1.75; Peaches carrier, $1.50@$3.00: do crate, $1.00@$1.50: do basket, 60@$1.25.

Housekeepers who want servants are in the habit of supplying their needs from the STAR's want column. Are you looking for a situation? The STAR's want column will bring you the best results. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Capt. J. D. Bullock of Rocky Mount, is in the city.

— Capt. J. H. Lennon, of Elkton, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. J. D. Gaskins, of Newbern, was in the city yesterday.

— Col. S. B. Taylor, of Catherine Lake, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Jos. McLaurin, of Point Caswell, was in the city yesterday.

— Ex-sheriff N. McPhaul of Columbus county was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. P. C. Tharp of Brunswick county, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

— Mr. A. J. Shepard has returned from a trip through Eastern North Carolina.

— Messrs. R. E. Lee and Dr. Kornegay, of Mount Olive, were in the city yesterday.

— Mr. J. E. Schloss, representing Messrs. Present & Co., of New York city, is in town.

— Capt. H. P. Beatty of Holly Ridge was a visitor at the STAR office yesterday.

— Mr. Tom C. Daniels and W. Tecumseh McCarthy of Newbern, are here on a visit to friends.

— Messrs. R. M. Norment and S. B. Branch, of Lumberton, were in the city yesterday.

— Mr. C. E. Harper, of the Newbern *Journal*, was in the city yesterday, accompanied by his wife.

— Mr. R. H. Paddison, formerly with the W., N. & N. R. R. in this city, but now of Verona, is here visiting friends.

— Messrs. I. M. Powell, Horace Powell, Pelham Powell and Hicks Powell, of Fair Bluff, were taking in Buffalo Bill yesterday

— U. S. Marshal J. D. Carroll arrived here last night. He started from Raleigh, as foreshadowed in the STAR, Sunday morning, but missed connection at Goldsboro.

— Mr. W. H. McGee, formerly Chief Yard Master for the Atlantic Coast Line in this city, but now with the same road at Petersburg, Va., is in the city visiting friends.

— Messsrs. C. C. Livingstone and W. J. Washburne who have been on a fishing expedition at Ocean View caught Saturday 79 pounds of rock fish. They enjoyed the sport and had big luck.

— Dr. W. G. Curtis, M. B. Mintz, W. J. W. Weeks. Misses Nannie Carr, Edna Davis, Viola Weeks, Anna Weeks, Laura Weeks and Messrs. Sam L. Drew and E. F. Drew, of Southport, were in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Dexter W. Fellows, the well equipped Press agent of the Buffalo Bill Wild West Show, who was with Pawnee Bill last year, called to see us yesterday. He is a clever gentleman and the STAR wishes him many more returns.

— Messrs. Ralph Gray, N. Nixon, Geo. Green, M. C. Hughes, H. Hughes, R. B. Nixon, Linster Duffy, D. W. Roberts, B. B. Neal, C. D. Bradha, Misses Neal and Williams, F. E. Higgin, C. E. Fray and wife, of Newbern, were in the city yesterday.

— Messrs. E. S. Charlotte, D. A. Haigh, J. D. Gaskill, C. B. Foy, T. B. Kehoe, S. C.; Bishop J. B. Dawson, G. Winstead, Tom Kehoe, G. B. Cox, L. C. Cline, G. W. Sheelks, H. S. Styron, W. W. Watson, Jr., J. P. Rodman, T. Bowden, A. A. Speck, of Newbern, were in the city yesterday.

— Messrs W E Thigpen, Chadbourn; G W Westbrook, Topsail Sound; S V Scott, Hub; L A Bethune, Clinton; B L Clark, Clarkton; J F Woodward, Warsaw; Geo L Clark, Clarkton; W J Weeks, Southport; H L Steven, H Bowden, Warsaw; N A Thompson, Chadbourn; F T Mills, Whiteville; Joshua Smith, Vineland; J W Dickson, Jr, Lake Waccamaw, S F Craig, Southport; C L Duncan, Beaufort; F L Bundy, Laurinburg; E B Elliott, H A Chadwick, Jack Barrub, Jack Peace, Pollocksville; J H Leman, Elkton; D P High, Whiteville; W C Wishart, North Carolina; Mrs Roberts, Topsail Sound; Edward Bull, Newbern; W A Robeson, Fayetteville; W H Sikes, Swanns; J Smith, Vineland; J E Kelly, Mount Olive; W W Miller, Rocky Point; Walter H Neal, Laurinburg; W P Durham, Fair Bluff; N A Currie, Clarkton; R E L Brown, Chadbourn; A B Nichols, S C; V V Richardson, Whiteville; W G McLauchlin, Fayetteville; H R Thorpe, Rocky Mount; Chas E Butters Hub; were among the arrivals in the city yesterdaay.

Carolina Central Meeting.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Carolina Central Railroad Company, will be held here next Thursday. Of the prominent officials, Messrs. R. Curzon Hoffman, President, E. St. John, Vice-President, and John H. Sharp, Treasurer, of the Seaboard Air Line, will be present. All these gentlemen will be welcome, and Mr. St. John will attract especial attention, as very few of our people have had the pleasure of meeting him, though they have heard much of his successful work in railroad matters.

Encyclopedia Britannica.

The STAR Britannica Department is still filling orders for the Encyclopædia Britannica. This is the latest and best edition of this great work. Issued in 25 volumes, bound in cloth or sheep. For full particulars read announcement on third page, or inquire at the STAR office.

Sixth Annual Fair.

The Sixth Annual Fair of the Border Exposition of the Carolinas will be held at Marion, N. C., Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, Oct. 30th and 31st and Nov. 1st. Send for Premium List.

W. B. HARKER, Secretary and Treasurer.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

Regular Monthly Meeting—Reports Submitted—Corrections of Tax Lists—Salary of County Physician Increased.

The Board of commissioners of New Hanover county met yesterday in regular session. Present: Messrs. H. A. Bagg (chairman), E. L. Pearce and B. S. Montford.

Country treasurer S. Van Amringe submitted his report for the month of September, sustained by proper vouchers and showing blance on hand Oct. 1st, 1895, of $6,235.14.

Register of Deeds Haar submitted report, showing nineteen marriage licenses issued by him during the month, and the fees therefor—$18.05—paid to the county treasurer.

It was ordered by the Board that a rebate of $954 be allowed M. Bellamy on valuation of personal property in Harnett township, as the same appeared to be an error.

Mr. Jas. Cowan, supervisor of public roads in Cape Fear township, submitted his report of money expended in his township. The report was received and ordered to be filed.

Col. Jno. D. Taylor, Clerk Superior Court, reported the sum of $35 incorporation tax of the Union Construction Co., paid to him for the school fund.

It appearing to the Board that there was an error in the assessment of the property of M. O'Brien and L. Flanagan, it was ordered by the Board that the valuation of M. O'Brien's property be placed at $2,700 and that of L. Flanagan at $1,800.

In the matter of complaint of P. Donlan, as to assessment of property, the Board decided to take no action.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Board that there was an error in the assessment of the property of W. H. Register, block 117, the valuation was reduced $950.

On motion, the Board decided that the salary of the county physician be increased from $400 to $750, and that his pay at the increase begin on the 2d day of September, 1895.

On the report of the majority of the Board of Assessors in the matter of the valuation of the Orten hotel property which was referred to them for action, the valuation of the said property was reduced from $40,000 to $35,000.

On motion, the Board adjourned.

WILD WEST SHOW.

Two Exhibitions Yesterday — Immense Crowds in Attendance—The Street Parade.

The streets of Wilmington were enlivened yesterday by one of the most novel sights that has ever been witnessed—a cavalcads of "rough riders" who represented the four quarters of the globe—Red men from the plains of North America, the Russian Cossack from the Caucasus, the Gaucho of South America, the Mexican Ruralie, the Texas Ranger, the Asiatic Tartar, Spanish Vaquero, the Bedouin Arab, the American Cowboy, German Cuirassiers, French Chasseurs, Royal Lancers of England and United States cavalry.

It was a grand show, and attracted the admiration of thousands of people who had gathered along the line of march of the procession and waited impatiently for its appearance.

Fully ten thousand people attended the two performances given at Hilton Park, and it is safe to say that every one enjoyed the exhibition. The chief feature was the gathering of horsemen of nearly all nations in their characteristic costumes—rough riders all, yet graceful and skillful in evolutions and in their individual exhibitions of dexterity and daring.

The Western features of course, were there, the old Deadwood Coach was robbed in realistic style, the emigrant party attacked, and rescued by the scouts and cowboys, and the two champion shots, Johnnie Baker and Miss Annie Oakley, give exhibitions of wing shooting that have never been surpassed by any performers. Altogether it was a capital show.

As You Like It.

Effie Elisler, supported by a Shakespearian company of some twenty players, will be at the Opera House on to-morrow evening, she appearing as *Rosalind* in "As You Like It." Effie Elisler is both well known and a great favorite with theatre patrons and deserves her popularity. She is a sweet womanly little lady, the possessor of remarkable talents, and has done a great deal towards keeping the highest, purest and most elevating form of dramas before the public. For this, as well as the perfection she has attained in her art, she is entitled to the esteem and admiration of playgoers. Among the supporting company the name of that famous old actor, John A. Elisler, appears. Years ago he was manager of the great stock theatre companies of Cleveland and Pittsburg and is one of the best comedians of the old *regime*.

Sale of seats commences this morning at Yates'.

Navigating the Cape Fear.

Navigation on the Cape Fear between Fayetteville and Wilmington, is still beset with many trials and much tribulation as a result of the protracted drought; and without the aid of flats the steamers would be almost useless. The *Hurt* left Fayetteville at 4 p. m, Friday and reached here at 4 p. m. Sunday, so the trip consumed exactly two days. She had a flat in tow, of course, and this enabled her to bring a very fair cargo, the principal part consisting of 168 bales of cotton.

Before the U. S. Government took hold of the river improvement and adopted the present system of jetties it would have been impossible for the steamers to make the trips to end from Fayetteville with no more water in the river than there is now. Steamboatmen fully appreciate the great improvement wrought by the jetties.

—Company B, First N. C. Cavalry battalion, will have a reunion at Burgaw Friday, October 18th.

RALEIGH NEWS LETTER.

EX-JUDGE STRONG CRITICALLY ILL.

Heavy Clouds But No Rain—A Murderous Assault—Walter Henry—Judge Spier Whitaker—Wake Forest College—The Seaboard Air Line—Trees Dying from Drought.

[*Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., Oct. 7.

Ex-Judge Strong, who is well known in the State, is critically ill. He has an eye trouble, and is in an unconscious state.

The sky is heavily laden with clouds this evening and the indication is that the drought, which has now reached its fifty-second day, has come to an end. Weather Officer Von Herndeen says the dust will certainly be laid. The sun peeps through the clouds every few minutes, and there are dubious ones who say no rain. The city is dirtier than it has been in years. Dust prevails to a depth of several inches on every street. Ladies almost ruin their dresses when they take a walk on the streets. Cotton is suffering badly, indeed. A gentleman from Johnston county says the crop will not be over 50 per cent in that county. He says most of the farmers are selling not because they desire to, but because it is a necessity with them.

Saturday afternoon about eleven o'clock Chas. Horton, a big burly negro 6 feet tall, knocked Hackney Lee, a colored man, in the head with an ugly hickory stick, Horton fracturing his skull in five places. The negro Horton escaped. He is an employe of the S. A. L., and it is said he went to Weldon. The physicians say Lee will certainly die. He has been carried to the hospital. Witnesses who were present state that Horton stepped up behind Lee and struck him back of the head.

Walter Henry has returned from Currituck Court House, where he delivered a Populist address. He says he had an audience of 500 people.

Judge Spier Whitaker, Butler's gubernatorial candidate, has returned from Halifax county, where he has been on a visit. He says the Democrats have tried to read him out of the party but he states that he has not yet said where he stood. In reply to a question as to what party he belonged to. Judge Whitaker stated that he belonged to the "Whitaker party."

The following gentlemen were recently elected Marshals of the Euzelian Society of Wake Forest College for the Anniversary of the Literary Societies which occurs in February: Chief, Mr. D. Schuyler Moss of Littleton, T. A. Robertson of Virginia, and Mr. W. R. Sikes of Halifax.

Yesterday afternoon a special train on the Seaboard Air Line carrying about two hundred chiefs of fire departments passed enroute to Augusta, Ga., where the Annual Convention will be held. The Chiefs will also take in the Exposition. The train was composed of Pullmans and was the second section of the Vestibule. The Seaboard's passenger traffic is picking up considerably.

Persons who have been to Brushy Mountain say that acres of trees are dying on account of continued drought. In the Blue Ridge, however, persons who have been there state that the trees are not suffering.

There will be no mail clerk on the regular train from the west, which will arrive here at 3.10 p. m. The route agent is transferred to the morning train which connects for Wilmington.

A well caved in on a negro this morning. A great pile of rock fell on him. His name was John Harris.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

John Harris, the negro whom twenty ton of rock-caved in on while in a well, was horribly mangled. Death was instantaneous.

The Board of Aldermen have called an election to vote on issuing fifty thousand dollars worth of bonds for street improvements. The election occurs on the second Monday in January.

D. E. Everett was elected alderman to succeed Ivey resigned.

A Suggestion.

A good citizen requests the STAR to print the following paragraph:

A friend suggests that on next Sunday (the second Sunday in October) that as far as practicable thanksgiving services be held in all churches, both white and colored, and thanks be returned to Almighty God for His protecting care and numerous blessings He has bestowed upon as a city the past year. He says very truthfully, that we have been kept from epidemics, disease, cyclones, &c., and that so far as he is aware all our people who went off to spend the Summer have been permitted to return home in health and safety, and it has been a rare exception that any have suffered for want of something to eat. He also suggests that if the present drought continues, prayer might be offered on the same day for rain.

City Court.

Mayor Fishblate presided in the City Court yesterday.

Wm. Stevenson, colored, found drunk and down, was sentenced to pay a fine of five dollars or work ten days on the streets.

Fannie Baker, colored, disorderly. Judgment suspended.

Calvin Bell, colored, driver of the Adrian hose wagon, charged with fast driving, was found guilty, but judgment was suspended.

The Schools—Large Attendance.

The public schools of the city, under charge of Prof. Noble, opened yesterday with a larger attendance than heretofore on the first day. There were 1,050 pupils in the Hemenway and Union schools, and a very large number in the colored schools. To-day each school will be fully organized, and to-morrow the new High school on North Third street, near Market, will be opened,

Frank and Sheeps.

Frank Sessoms went out to Hilton Sunday night and became acquainted with Sheeps, one of Buffalo Bill's Indian chiefs. Frank fell in love with him, talked fluently in the Indian tongue, and joined in smoking the "pipe of peace." Frank's friends became alarmed, fearing he would join the Sioux tribe and hurried him off to the city.

Dr. A. J. DeRosset.

Dr. A. J. DeRosset celebrated Sunday last the 88th anniversary of his birth, which occurred in this city October 6th, 1807. During the day he received the congratulations of many relatives and hosts of friends who called to pay respect to one who is greatly venerated in this community.

GRANNAN AGAINST CORBETT.

Why the Kentucky Plunger is Betting on Fitzsimmons—He Detected Flaws in Corbett's Condition.

A New York telegram says: The wager of $18,600 made by the young Kentucky plunger, Riley Grannan, against $30,000 that Fitzsimmons will lick Champion Corbett, is likely to inspire the admirers of the Australian with new courage, if it doesn't result in changing the prevailing odds. The judgment of Plunger Grannan on the speed of horses has been pretty correct, and, as told in the *American*, very profitable to the consumptive-looking sport from the Blue Grass region. He has had his bad days, but betting men are willing to follow him on the turf and take his chances. He is by no means a careless gambler, whether betting on horses or fighters. Before making up his mind that Fitzsimmons was the better man or in the better condition of the two fighters he got a line upon both of them. He watched the lanky Australian at Coney Island, and, when Corbett undressed for his day of practice in Madison Square Garden, Grannan was present as a deeply interested spectator. After careful scrutiny of Corbett's curves, he made up his mind that Fitzsimmons would defeat him, and when the men step into the ring, Grannan will have a small fortune up. The plunger, however, was not the only man who thought he detected flaws in Corbett's showing. Another observer noticed that his flesh lacked the smooth appearance indicative of perfect health, and others saw or thought they saw the proof of irregular living in the blotches upon the back and shoulders of the champion.

PETER JACKSON A WRECK.

Spends His Time in Drinking—His Once Massive Form Attenuated.

For the past year, says a New York dispatch, Peter Jackson has not been taking good care of himself. In fact, he has not been looking after his health for over three years, but this was not known even to his manager or backers until he left about a year ago for the West Indies. It was evident that the Parson knew what he was doing when he retired from the management of the colored boxer. Arthur Valentine, the English light-weight now in this country, told a reporter upon his arrival here that when he left England Jackson was in very poor health. Now again comes another report that Jackson is so far gone, physically, that it will be utterly impossible for him to go into the ring again for a contest. This information comes from a well-known New Yorker, who has just returned from London after a sojourn of nearly a month. Most of the time while abroad the New Yorker has been in Jackson's company.

"I dislike very much to say so," said the reporter's informant, "but Peter Jackson is a wreck, and there's no use denying it. He will never fight again. Jackson spends most of his time drinking. When I saw him a week ago at Brighton he looked very bad. His eyes are sunken and his once massive frame attenuated. He has aged considerably and if you did not know him well you would not recognize him. Jackson told me he would challenge Corbett if the latter beats Fitzsimmons. But, believe me, Jackson will never fight again."

800 DRUNKEN MEN!

Dispensary Authorities Refuse to Close Barrooms on Circus Day, Leaving the City at the Mercy of an Intoxicated Mob.

Special to the State.

SPARTANBURG, Oct. 5.—For the first time in the history of Spartanburg liquor was sold on the day of a circus. Mayor Calvert tried to have the dispensary closed, but got no answer from his letters to the Governor. A safe estimate is that 500 negroes and 300 white men were drunk on the streets. It is a miracle that blood was not shed. Ruffianism prevailed to an extent never known and not half so much drunkenness has ever been seen on the streets before, even during Christmas, when ten barrooms were in full blast.

There were more than 20 different altercations during the day and over 40 arrests. Three shots were fired, but the men who created disturbances were generally too drunk to do damage. The city has been lively and in the hands of a drunken mob all day and night, the police being powerless. The dispensary sold its entire stock of liquors except a few cases of high priced goods.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—810 bales cotton, 3 casks spirits turpentine, 61 bbls rosin, 15 bbls tar, 68 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—1,684 bales cotton, 5 casks spirits turpentine, 15 bbls rosin, 9 bbls tar, 21 bbls crude turpentine.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—119 bales cotton, 98 bbls rosin.

Steamer Frank Sessoms—7 bales cotton, 17 casks spirits turpentine, 182 bbls rosin, 109 bbls. tar, 35 bbls crude turpentine.

Steamer A. P. Hurt—89 bales cotton, 10 casks spirits turpentine, 34 bbls rosin, 64 bbls tar, 17 bbls crude turpentine.

Schooner Gold Leaf—4 bales cotton, 20 bbls tar.

Schooner Mary Wheeler—98 bales cotton, 10 casks spirits turpentine, 11 bbls tar.

Schooner Argyle—8 bales cotton, 2 casks spirits turpentine, 45 bbls rosin, 94 bbls tar.

Total receipts—Cotton, 2,739 bales; spirits turpentine, 481 casks; rosin, 435 bbls; tar, 332 bbls; crude turpentine, 141 bbls.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers, who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Piano for Sale.

ONE NEW ELEGANT UPRIGHT WALnut Piano made by a first-class factory, with all the latest improvements. Has to be sold for a debt. Far be ow cost. Address BOX 594, oct 8 1t Newbern, N. C.

WHEN AUTUMN COMES

NEW STYLES

Come with it, and every man in town with any Idea of Dress comes to us for styles as a matter of course.

The best ready-made Suits is only a travesty of correctness. It isn't even a clever masquerade. Banish all Ready-made misfits from your wardrobe, and get something

Stylish and Handsome

produced to order and faultless in fit and correct in every detail of workmanship.

We Fit Our Customers,

That's our rule, and it stands like rock bottom.

The belated Summer Suits has now no place in the wear of the gentleman of style, who if not already provided for the Fall makes no delay.

We are making up Suits to order from $11.25 and up.

Pants made to order for $3.00. And before you condemn our goods come and look and compare them with others.

C. E. GORDON,

Northeast Cor. Front and Market St.

sep 22 tf

Visit the Largest

Variety Store in the City.

Cheapest Place

To buy Goods of Every Description.

"BARGAINS"

IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.

FULL STOCK!

NEW GOODS!

LOWEST PRICES!

Respectfully,

J. H. REHDER & CO.

617 and 619 North Front Street.

Car fare paid on all purchases of $2 and over. oct 6 tf

Wanted $10,000.

Gilt-edge security. Write to

J. HICKS BUNTING,

Y. M. C. A. Building,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Yes, we want $10,000, but we don't want to borrow it. We don't want to beg it and we don't want to steal it. We just want to make it in a couple of years We don't want to counterfeit Uncle Sam's money either, we just want to earn it legitimately. Our gilt edge security is in selling the best quality of goods at a reasonable margin of profit. If we don't make a reasonable profit we've got to starve or steal. The one lands us in the penitentiary and the other carries us to our grave. We are not anxious to take up our abode at either place yet awhile.

We don't and we won't run a cheap John drug shop and sacrifice quality for price. Quality ranks first and price follows.

Those who prefer the best Drugs, &c., at moderate prices know where to go to.

Bunting's Pharmacy.

Those who wish cheap Medicines they know where to go to, too. sep 22 tf

OPERA HOUSE,

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 9.

America's Greatest Actress

Effie Elisler,

Supported by Frank Weston, John A. Elisler and a Competent Company; presenting Shakespeare's Brilliant Comedy,

"AS YOU LIKE IT."

Miss Elisler as Rosalind. The production will be magnificently costumed, and presented with the original music. oct 6 3t

Bulbs Have Arrived.

Call and make your selections promptly, and succeed with your "Window Garden."

JAS. D. NUTT, oct 6 tf The Druggist.

Cream Cheese.

100 small size CHEESE.
50 buckets CANDY.
100 boxes CANDY.
120 boxes CAKES.
200 boxes R. R. SNUFF.
100 boxes Bower's SNUFF.
Lowest possible prices at

W. B. COOPER'S,

Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant, 126 North Water Street, Wilmington, N. C. oct 6 tf D&W

THE MORNING STAR,

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Rushed With Business.

The season has opened in our

CARPET DEPARTMENT.

And we are crowded with business, because we carry the most complete line in the city. "First come, first served" is our motto, and we expect a good many sensible people to buy this week.

BLANKETS AND COMFORTS,

SHAWLS AND CURTAINS,

CLOAKS & CHENILLE GOODS,

Can be found on third floor.

A line of Small All Wool Shawls at 25c, will interest you.

Our $2.75 Lace Curtains

Are just what thousands of people want. They do not know where to find them. We have them, and they are good enough for any home. Third floor.

THOSE BEAUTIFUL CAPES AND JACKETS,

Rough effects with Satin Trimmings, are the latest styles, and the admiration of all the men—$9.50 to $13.00. Third floor.

C. & B. CORSETS at 50c, 75c and $1.00. Perfect fitting, unbreakable. Third floor.

DRESS GOODS.

The busiest department in the State. Every lady in the city that wants Nice Dress Good and the latest lining, can be found in this department at some time during the day.

THOSE WOOL AND MOHAIR SUITINGS

Are certainly the most durable fabric that foreign ingenuity has succeeded in producing. 60c yard.

PLAID SERGES.

The combinations are Marvels of Beauty, and they look so comfortable. Twenty-five patterns—60 and 75c yard.

THOSE PLAID FLANNEL SUITINGS

Ought to go now. They are certainly the Best Material for children's school dresses. Only 37½c per yard.

Kid Gloves.

The Cluze Patent Thumb Glove.

The Perfection of Fit, Elegance & Comfort

$1.00 a Pair.

Sole agent for Foster's Gloves. The Newest and Most Durable Glove on the market is the Foster Street Glove at $1.50.

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK

No. 29 North Front St.

oct 6 tf

Everybody Who Wears

SHOES

WILL DO WELL TO CALL ON

MERCER & EVANS,

at the Old Stand of H. C. Evans, on Princess street, before purchasing elsewhere. We have some EXCELLENT BARGAINS always on hand, which it will pay you to see.

Call early and often on

Mercer & Evans,

aug 18 tf 115 Princess St.

100 Barrels

FAT, LARGE SIZE SEPTEMBER MULLETS,

Coffee, Sugar, Rice, Canned Goods, Cheese, &c., which I offer at lowest prices. R. P. KEITH, 198 and 198 North Water Street, oct 6 tf Wilmington, N. C.

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 00 per year, $3 00 for six months, $1 5 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 15 cents per week to any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 50; three weeks, $8 50; one month, $10 00; two months $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $60 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year. 50 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

A announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING. OCT. 8, 1895

THE SOUTH'S OPPORTUNITY.

Discussing the outlook a few days ago for the different sections of the country, we expressed the opinion, and gave our reasons for it, that the outlook for the South is much more promising than for any other section. The more thought we give to this subject the more firmly convinced we are of this.

The South and the West are the two great agricultural sections. The West is the granary, and the meat supplier. On the prosperity of these two sections the prosperity of the other sections is largely dependent. With good prices for their crops debts would be paid, homes would be improved, agricultural machinery and implements would be bought, and money would be spent liberally in various ways, much of which would go to the manufacturing States, thus stimulating enterprise in these and giving more work and better wages to workmen. But as we see it and read the market reports for present and prospective prices we fail to see anything very encouraging in the outlook for the Western farmer, who will be forced to sell for very small profits, if any profits at all. This is October. In Chicago, December wheat is quoted at 59 cents a bushel, and corn, one of the main dependencies of the Western farmer, at 29 cents.

It is calculated that the average cost of producing wheat in the West is 50 cents a bushel, which leaves the farmer 10 cents a bushel profit if we allow him 60 cents for his wheat. The average production per acre for the United States is about 12½ bushels, but suppose we give the Western farmer 15 or 20 bushels, he would get from his acre $1.50 to $2.00 profit. It costs about seven dollars an acre to produce corn. With a yield of 30 bushels to the acre and estimating the corn to be worth 30 cents a bushel, which will be rather above the mark, he would get $9 for his acre of corn, which cost him $7 leaving him $2 an acre profit, about the same as on wheat. Oats will keep corn company as the prices and profits. There is certainly nothing in these figures to indicate a very corpulent wallet for the Western farmer, or that he will have, in the phraseology of the boys, "money to burn." The condition may improve somewhat, possibly wheat may go up some higher, but there are are no indications of any change that will put much money in the pockets of the men of the West who follow the plow. This is not the way we would have it if we had our choice, for we would like to see prosperity universal, but this is the outlook as we see it, with the lights before us.

Turning to the South we have a different picture. The cotton crop is short. It is inside of the world's demand for consumption. For the first time in years the surplus has been wiped out. The result is an increase in price of more than two cents a pound over the price at this time last year, with the probabilities of advancing prices. And this crop was made at considerably less cost than the crop of last year, at least a cent a pound less, which, added to the two cents increase, would make the cotton worth three cents a pound more than last year. This is an under estimate, for it has been calculated by cotton experts that this crop will be worth in the increased price and in the reduced cost of production over $100,000,000 more than the crop of last year. In addition to this our farmers will have to buy less home supplies this year than they have any year since the war, many of them raising not only all they needed, but a surplus to sell, so that the cotton crop will come nearer being a "money crop" than it has any year since the war.

This means that the cotton-grower will be better fixed at home, will have more ready money to wipe out old scores, and get on solid ground for future operations. And all this means, also, that as he pays his obligations and purchases such things as he may need for farm or household, more money will go into circulation and others will reap some of the benefit of his prosperity.

The short crop of this year, with the results, and the lesson it teaches, is the South's opportunity. The planter is now where by the exercise of good judgment and business sense he can keep the cotton crop within the world's demand for consumption. He has discovered the way out of the wilderness and how to keep out, if he will. A small crop of cotton, not much, if any, over 6,000,000 bales, and plenty of home supplies, enough for home and enough to supply the home market, and prevent the necessity of importing bread and meat from other States, should be his motto. Let our planters follow this up as the rule of operations in the future, and the South will continue to be the most prosperous section of the country, and this prosperity, showing up in contrast with the condition of some other sections, will do more to attract attention and draw immigration this way than all the advertising that could be done and all the immigration agencies established or immigration schemes planned. People come unsolicited to the section that is prosperous and avoid the one that is not.

As we see it the Southern planter is now not only master of the situation as it applies to him, but will exercise a powerful influence, in accordance with the good judgment he shows, in building up this section and adding to its population, enterprise and wealth. It is to be hoped that he will have the sagacity to see his opportunity, and that he may not be tempted by the prospect of continued high prices to fall into the all-cotton rut again.

MINOR MENTION.

The goldite organs pretend to believe that the free coinage "craze," as they call it, is dying out and that in a little while we will hear no more of it. Every "sound money" missionary who travels in the South or in the North so reports. Illinois is one of the Western States of which special mention is made, for the reason, we suppose, that the free coinage agitation as a party measure first took shape in that State in the holding of a free silver Democratic convention on the call of the Democratic State Committee. Some time ago Mr. Eckels, Comptroller of the Treasury, who is a citizen of Illinois, returned to Washington from that State and represented the free silver agitation as on the wane and practically dead. As an illustration of how dead it is a Democratic Convention was held Saturday in the Eighteenth Congressional District to nominate a candidate to fill a vacancy. The gold standard men had a candidate. All the other candidates were free silver men. The result of the balloting in convention was that the gold standard candidate didn't get a single vote, so that the contest was between the free silver men, one of whom was nominated. The highest vote polled in the primaries for the gold-standard candidate was one hundred, which he received in his own county, receiving less in the others and not enough in any county to give him one delegate in the Convention. "One swallow doesn't make a Summer," we know, but if this be an indication of the way the silver "craze" has died in the State of Illinois, it seems to be a pretty lively corpse. This is confirmatory of the statement of Hon. W. D. Bynum, of Indiana, published in the New York *Herald*, to which we referred a few days ago, to the effect that while the silver agitation had subsided in the cities, the free silver sentiment was strong in the rural districts, and it may be incidentally remarked that a good deal of the voting is done in the "rural districts."

* * *

We have referred elsewhere to the action of the Democratic convention in the eighteenth Illinois district, as a contradiction of the allegation that free silver is dead in Illinois. Secretary Hoke Smith and others of the "Sound Money" men have been endeavoring to create the impression that it is dying in Georgia and other Southern States. To show how much, or rather how little, truth there is in this the re-election of Congressman Black in the Augusta district over Tom Watson, Populist, shows. Black is a free silver man. So is Watson. When the Administration took such a decided stand for gold, and Secretaries Carlisle, Morton, Smith and Herbert entered the field against free silver many Democrats in Georgia feared that this would drive free silver Democrats into the Populist party, rather than follow the Administration into the gold camp. They feared it would defeat Black, but Black's free silver record saved him and saved the party in that district, for it kept in the party voters who would doubtless have gone out of it and voted for the free silver Watson if they had to make a choice between that and voting for a gold standard candidate. Black as a free silver man took away from Watson votes which he got when he ran last November, as shown by the falling off in Watson's vote in some of the Populist counties and by the increase in Black's vote in those counties. The fact is that free silver saved Black, and his election is simply another proof that the Democratic party is for it, and that the sentiment among the masses is as strong for it as ever, notwithstanding the assertions of the gold monometallists that it is dying out.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—One of the most gratifyin exhibits at the Atlanta Exposition is that which demonstrates the great growth of education among whites and blacks at the South. In the colored department of the fair there is an especially fine educational show. Georgia's attention to schools explains her front rank in her section. —*N. Y. Journal, Dem.*

—An English syndicate has leased a large factory in Elizabeth, N. J., to go into the manufacture of paper boxes, and another foreign company has leased a factory in the same city to enter upon the felt hat industry upon a large scale. Foreign capital evidently has a good opinion of our home market, and its confidence should encourage other syndicates to come and do likewise. The more the merrier.—*Phil. Record, Dem.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

—*High Point Enterprise*: Mr. Scott Welborn died at his home near Trinity College Sunday evening at 6 o'clock after an illness of many months.

—Winston *Sentinel*: Forsyth's plucky sheriff captured a negro murderer to-day. His name is Poe and he is the same fellow who outraged and killed a little girl in Virginia last week.

—Concord *Standard*: Mr. John Bost, the aged man who was one of the unfortunate victims in the boiler explosion at Safrits' planing mill on September 11, whose skull was so terribly crushed, died Friday night.

—Lincoln *Democrat*: The last will and testament of the late Maj. Joseph C. Cobb was admitted to probate September 28th, showing the amount of his estate to be about $75,000, $60,000 of which is personal property, mostly bonds and bank stock.

—Jonesboro *Progress*: We learn that one Jack Alston, colored, killed a negro woman just over the Cumberland county line from Reyser last Sunday. It is said they fell out about some church matters, when Alston struck her on the head with a plank.

—Rockingham *Index*: The streams are getting very low. Pee Dee river is reported lower than for many years. The water was not running over the factory dams, and on Sunday while the gates were down you could step across the creek below the mills.

—*Charlotte News*: Mrs. Joseph Robinson died at the home of father, Mr. John C. Cashion, at Derita, last night.——Mrs. William Daniels died last night at her home, corner of Fifth and Alexander streets. She had been sick for sometime with cancer. Mrs. Daniels was a native of Mt. Pleasant, Cabarrus county.

—Elizabeth City *Economist*: Departed this life at his home in Currituck county, on Mondoy evening September 30th, Dr. Wm. H. Cowell, aged 68 years. Yesterday he was on our streets, hale, hearty, vigorous, with the currents of life all unobstructed. ——Departed this life very suddenly last night about 10 p. m. at his home in this town, Col. Wm. C. Davis, aged 66 years.

—Rutherford *Democrat*: Zebulon Whitesides, who has been running a brandy distillery in Chimney Rock township near Ayr, met with a serious and peculiar accident one day last week. There was a leak in the pipe which carries the new-made brandy from the doubler to the cistern room. He undertook to stop the leak with sealing wax when the brandy caught fire. The doubler exploded, throwing the blazing brandy all around and over Mr. Whitesides. His clothing caught fire and before the flames could be extinguished he was terribly and seriously burned.

TWINKLINGS.

— It is the better half that doesn't know as much about how the other half lives as she would like to know.—*Spare Moments.*

— The *Times-Herald* says Commodore Vanderbilt started life "barefooted." So did everybody else.—*Sioux Fall Argus-Leader.*

— Von Blumer (earnestly)—Old man, you have no idea how much it costs a man to send his wife away for the summer.

Plankington—I suppose not.

Von Blumer—No, sir! since my wife has been away I've lost $25 a night on the average.—*Memphis Scimetar.*

— Kind Husband.—Wifey, dear, I have just bought you two bottles of extra old Barolo for your birthday.

But you know very well I never drink wine.

Well, then, I'll drink it myself to your good health.—*Il Motto per Ridere.*

— An Exemplary Patient.—"This morning the doctor ordered me to drink warm water an hour before every meal; and here I've been drinking for the last forty minutes, but but I'll be jigged if I can swallow another drop."—*Humoristische Blade.*

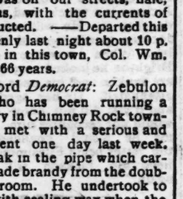
Weak, Irritable, Tired

"I Was No Good on Earth."

Dr. Miles' Nervine strengthens the weak, builds up the broken down constitution, and permanently cures every kind of nervous disease.

"About one year ago I was afflicted with nervousness, sleeplessness, Creeping sensation in my legs, Slight palpitation of my heart, Distracting confusion of the mind, Serious loss or lapse of memory. Weighted down with care and worry. I completely lost appetite And felt my vitality wearing out, I was weak, irritable and tired, My weight was reduced to 160 lbs., In fact I was no good, on earth.

A friend brought me Dr. Miles' book, "New and Startling Facts," and I finally decidde to try a bottle of Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine. Before I had taken one bottle I could sleep as well as a 10-yr.-old boy. My appetite returned greatly increased.



When I had taken the sixth bottle My weight increased to 176 lbs., The sensation in my legs was gone; My nerves steadied completely; My memory was fully restored. My brain seemed clearer than ever, I felt as good as any man on earth. Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine is A great medicine, I assure you."

Augusta, Me. WALTER R. BURBANK.

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health.

BACKACHE and RHEUMATISM relieved by Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters.

Forsale by all Druggists.
June 15 1y sa tu th change.

OLD NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE AT THIS office. Suitable for wrapping paper.

MANHOOD.

Not till life's heat has cooled,
The headlong rush slowed to a quiet pace,
And every purblind passion that had ruled
Our nobler years at last,
Spurs us in vain, and weary of the race,
We care no more who loses or who wins—
Ah, not till all the best of life seems past
The best of life begins.

To toil for only fame,
Hand clappings and the fickle gusts of praise,
For place or power or gold to gild a name
Above the grave whereto
All paths will bring us, were to lose our days,
We, on whose ears youth's passing bell has tolled,
In blowing bubbles, even as children do,
Forgetting we grow old.

But the world widens when
Such hope of trivial gain that ruled us lies
Broken among our childhood's toys, for then
We win to self control!
And mail ourselves in manhood, and there rise
Upon us from the vast and windless height
Those clearer thoughts that are unto the soul
What stars are to the night.

—A. St. John Adcock in Spectator.

ELECTRIC FIRE ALARMS.

Their Advantage In the Time When Immediate Help Is Most Needed.

The first few moments after the outbreak of a fire is the critical time in deciding whether or not it can be got under control, and upon the prompt arrival of the apparatus often depends the salvation or the destruction of the entire plant. While a watchman may be thoroughly conscientious and alert and do everything in his power under the trying circumstances which confront him the appliances at hand are necessarily limited, and one man is seldom enough for the emergency. If, after doing all he can, he finds the fire too much for him to handle and must then leave it to send in an alarm, much valuable time is lost, and when the apparatus finally arrives the blaze has obtained a vantage ground which often means the destruction of the property.

With the splendidly developed electric fire alarm systems which are on the market at the present day, affording every possible means of protection and at the same time reducing the insurance premiums very materially, it seems a decidedly short sighted policy to pass them by and still depend on the by no means infallible vigilance of a human machine, which, however good it may be, still has weaknesses which the other is not heir to.

The automatic fire alarm companies have made immense strides in the improvement of their systems during the past few years, and as their business has increased through the gradual appreciation of its merits they have kept abreast of the requirements presented and meet them at every point. The insurance companies have not been slow to recognize the additional protection to themselves as well as to the manufacturers, and have offered inducements in the shape of reduced premiums on plants so equipped.

The manufacturer whose plant is destroyed by fire, even though he be insured, suffers a loss which can hardly be estimated at the time, and from which it may take him years to recover, and though it is a peculiarity of human nature to look on such a contingency as applicable to everybody but himself the sensible man is the one who leaves no dangerous point unguarded, especially against so ruthless an enemy as fire.—Electrical Review.

King Lobengula's House.

Of Lobengula's house nothing but a low heap of bricks remains. It is very pathetic to see the great deserted kraal, once so populous and now tenanted only by a few screaming plovers flying round and round over it. One or two miserable looking blacks were squatted among the ashes, grubbing for a few glass beads. Far away—the only thing that breaks the monotony of the horizon—you see Thabas Induna, the hill where Lobengula won his first victory. In spite of all his cruelties one cannot help being rather sorry for the old king. I think that feeling is held by most of the people engaged in the war.

The Matabili seem absolutely quiet and have no sense of the ignominy of defeat. But their insolence before the war is almost beyond belief. They would enter an Englishman's wagon, unbidden, pull the book he was reading out of his hand and throw it on the floor again and again, spit into his water bottle, snatch off his hat, and if he tried to recover it chuck a knobkerrie (club or knotted stick) under his chin so as almost to shatter his teeth. These insults had to be borne in silence, as resistance would only have ended in murder by overwhelming numbers. But the forbearance and self restraints of the white men when their turn came seem to have been marvelous after such provocation.—National Review.

The Wily Plumber.

The following story is hardly credible, especially as it is laid out not far from Evanston: It is said that one of the water pipes was shut off to allow some repairs to be made. Immediately some of the families supplied by that pipe imagined that the house pipes were stopped up, so they sent for a plumber. As soon as he received the first call the plumber investigated and learned that the water would be turned into the pipes again in about three hours.

During that three hours he received seven calls and went to seven houses, where he made a great deal of noise hammering on the pipes. At each place he told the family not to trifle with faucets while he was away.

After the water had been turned into the pipes he revisited the houses, did some more mystifying work and succeeded in inducing water to run from the faucets.

Then he collected seven large bills for repairs, and his victims were none the wiser. Such is the story.—Chicago Record.

The Deep Breath Habit.

Cultivate the habit of breathing through the nose and taking deep breaths. If this habit was universal, there is little doubt that pulmonary affections would be decreased one-half. An English physician calls attention to the fact that deep and forced respiration will keep the entire body in a glow in the coldest weather, no matter how thinly one may be clad. He was himself half frozen to death one night and began taking deep breaths and keeping the air in his lungs as long as possible. The result was that he was thoroughly comfortable in a few minutes. The deep respirations, he says, stimulate the blood currents by direct muscular exertion and cause the entire system to become pervaded with the rapidly generated heat.—Philadelphia Times.

Credulity of Russian Peasantry.

A writer in a French review tells a curious story serving to show the misery and credulity of the peasantry in some districts of Russia, as well as the audacity of the unscrupulous swindlers by whom they are sometimes fleeced. An adventurer was recently tried at Saratof for having induced a number of peasants to abandon to his keeping all their worldly possessions, with the view of emigrating under his guidance to—Jupiter. There they were to find land in abundance, easy to work and marvelously fertile. When the local authorities intervened, it was found that quite a band of emigrants were preparing to start for the blessed planetary colony. We are not told what defense was made by the prisoner, but it was quite apparent that his dupes were aware that it was to no terrestrial land of promise that he was to lead them. He was therefore indicted and condemned for "spreading false reports about Jupiter."—Westminster Gazette.

Altitude and Suffrage.

The United States voting precinct with the highest altitude is that of North Star, located near the celebrated North Star mine on King Solomon mountain, in San Juan county, Colo. The stone at the office door of the usual polling place is exactly 13,101 feet above the level of the sea. North Star, although almost inaccessible for from six to nine months each year on account of snows, generally polls 75 to 80 votes.—St. Louis Republic.

Gave It Up.

Mrs. Urban—So you feared to remain in the country any longer? Were you afraid of tramps?

Mrs. Lawnville—No, I was afraid of the terrible dogs we had to have to scare tramps.—New York Weekly.

EATING AND EATERS.

IT IS NOT GOOD FORM TO DO MORE THAN TASTE AND SIP.

If Invited to a Smart Dinner, Dine Before You Go—How Dinners and Banquets of Fabulous Cost Are Got Up and Served by Caterers.

An American author and musician told a queer little story the other day that ran like this:

"Went to the opera; sat in a box with two ladies and three men; social leaders; very swell; felt out of place; heard nothing but talk and chatter; missed all the singing and music; after the opera, supper at the Waldorf; expected that, of course; went prepared—very hungry; all the dainties of the season on the table, but nobody ate; wine in abundance, all drinking; more talk and gossip; wouldn't eat alone, so starved; not polite to eat nowadays, I'm told; proper to mince along, taste a morsel and talk; don't like it; no more fashionable suppers for me!"

Another man, an habitual diner out, remarked:

"I invariably eat my dinner at home before going out to dine. Nobody thinks of eating at a public dinner nowadays. It is the height of ill breeding! At private dinners with ladies he who eats is voted a bore. He must sip and taste and talk; that's all that is expected of him. If I didn't eat at home I'd starve to death."

Perhaps something in recent years has altered the belief that the nearest way to a man's heart is down his throat. Hosts used to feed their guests to put them in good humor, to make their visits agreeable. Everybody at the table ate and drank and all went merrily.

Better dinners than those provided today the world never saw, but they are not eaten. New York dinners are superior in many respects to those of any other city in the world. The people have money and are willing to pay for the best the market affords, and there is no doubt that the New York market is unsurpassed. There are more refinements, too, at an American entertainment than elsewhere, more variety. Still it is well to dine at your own table before going to the house of a fashionable friend. At the latter you are expected to entertain, not to partake of what is set before you. Leave that to the servants or to the caterer. Rich folk used to have their own servants prepare the dinner when guests were expected, but nowadays everything is left to the caterer. It is so much less trouble, you know. Why worry for days arranging a dinner for a dozen or two of one's friends when it can be better done by the caterer? We have plenty of caterers. Some have grown rich and proud on the feasts and banquets given by the fashionable set.

When a millionaire wants to give a dinner he sends for his favorite, tells him the number of guests expected, advances a few ideas on the general style of the entertainment, names the day and hour, and says, "I leave everything to you." The menu is submitted, and, if satisfactory, both as to price and dishes, the preparation goes on.

The entire dinner is prepared at the establishment of the caterer, after which, on the day appointed, it is carefully packed in hampers and boxes and conveyed to the house where it is to be eaten. Most private houses are fitted with excellent ranges, and on them the caterer's chefs do the cooking. Positively nothing is left to the home cook.

The caterer takes entire charge of the kitchen. He could not be responsible for the dinner otherwise. The dining room also is turned over to him, for the dinner itself is scarcely more important than the arrangement of the table or tables.

Certain unwritten rules are followed in this respect. When there are less than 20 persons they are usually seated at one large table, rectangular or round; but when that number is exceeded it is the custom to use small tables, as they can be better served. Six persons to a table is the rule. The expansion of society in New York in the last 12 years has been very great, and the size of the private dinner has increased enormously. It used to be considered a big thing to have 10 or 12 guests, but now it is common enough to have from 20 to 80. Where receptions a few years ago numbered from 800 to 400 guests, they now number from 600 to 1,000.

The cost of a dinner depends on the wines and flowers. An excellent dinner can be served for, say, 20 persons at $10 a plate, the flowers will cost about $15 and the wines from $4 to $15 a head. At Mrs. Astor's famous ball, in the winter of 1889-90, the finest entertainment she ever gave, the wines on the supper table were very select. Her Steinberger Cabinet cost $15 a bottle.

The dinner to Charles O'Conor was one of the finest ever given in this city. It was managed by Sam Ward and cost over $50 a plate. The menus alone cost $6 apiece. The decorations were most elaborate, the tables being literally covered with rare flowers. The wines were the costliest that could be had. Some of Sam Ward's priceless Madeira was handed around. The guests numbered 50.

The dinner to President Andrew Johnson on the occasion of his visit to New York, in 1866, cost $100 a plate. Leland Stanford's dinner to Mrs. Grant, about five years ago, caused a great deal of talk all over the country. It was believed that the 18 guests ate from plates of gold and silver; that the tablecloth was edged with point duchess lace; that under each wineglass there was a napkin of the same costly fabric, and under each finger bowl a Japanese mat that cost $50, and that the terrapin were served in individual silver tureens. —New York Press.

Realism.

Author—Well, professor, how do you like my new play?

Critic—Splendid! Wonderful! So realistic, especially the burglars in it! Even their dialogue is stolen.—Musical Record.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R R BELLAMY †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve a poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whiskey or other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old People find it just exactly what they need. Price fifty cents per bottle at R R BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

Remember

For shortening never use more than two-thirds as much Cottolene as you would of lard. When frying with Cottolene always put

these

in a cold pan, heating it with the pan. Cottolene produces the best results when very hot, but as it reaches the cooking point much

Directions

sooner than lard, care should be taken not to let it burn—when hot enough, it will delicately brown a bit of bread in half a minute.

for using

Follow these directions in using Cottolene and lard will never again be permitted in your kitchen or in your food.

Cottolene

Genuine Cottolene is sold everywhere in tins with trade-marks—*"Cottolene"* and *steer's head in cotton-plant wreath*—on every tin.

Made only by

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, St. Louis and Chicago.

nov 6 tf tu th sa change

His Alarm Clock.

Above the headboard of Pat's bed was affixed on the wall a nondescript arrangement which quite resembled a small inverted saucepan, with hammer and spring attachment, from which a piece of twine dangled to within convenient distance of the bolster.

"What sort of an arrangement is that, Pat?" I asked.

"Sure, an it's an alarum clock," he answered.

"Does it work mechanically?"

"In coorse it do, sor. It's devil a bit ov a t'ing Oi have ter do at all but pull the string an it wakes me up in a juffy."—Richmond Dispatch.

So Much Like Her.

Fozzleton—Marie, that boy of ours takes after you.

Mrs. Fozzleton (with great satisfaction)—What makes you think so, dear?

Fozzleton—I caught him this morning rummaging through my pockets.—Brooklyn Eagle.

One True Admirer.

"Mr. Timmins," said the old fashioned girl, "I hope you are not an admirer of the new woman."

"Oh, but I am," confessed Timmins. "She is good for at least three jokes and a poem every week."—Indianapolis Journal.

Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had Consumption, and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her, and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers, 139 Florida St. San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching Consumption, tried without result everything else then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in Coughs and Colds. Free trial bottles at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. Regular size 50c and $1.00. †

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesa Prices generally. In making up small orders highe prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately a possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2-lb Jute		@	5¼
Standard	7¾	@	6¼
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ₩ lb	13½	@	14
Sides ₩ lb	7½	@	7½
Shoulders ₩ lb	6	@	6¼
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ₩ lb	6½	@	6¾
Shoulders ₩ lb	5½	@	
BARRELS — Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each		@	1 10
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ₩ lb	26	@	27
BRICKS—			
Wilmington, ₩ M	5 50	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina, ₩ lb	15		
Northern	28	@	
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks		@	50
Virginia Meal	50	@	53½
COTTON TIES, ₩ bundle		@	85
CANDLES— ₩ lb—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	9	@	10
CHEESE— ₩ lb—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy	11	@	12
State		@	10
COFFEE— ₩ lb—	27	@	28
Laguyra	20	@	23
Rio	15	@	20
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ₩ yard	6	@	6½
Yarns, ₩ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS— ₩ dozen	10	@	12
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ barrel	29 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ₩ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ₩ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ₩ barrel	3 25	@	3 50
Mullets, ₩ pork barrel	5 00	@	6 50
N. C. Roe Herring ₩ keg	3 50	@	3 75
Dry Cod, ₩ lb	5	@	10
" Extra	3 25	@	3 50
FLOUR— ₩ barrel—			
Low grade		@	3 00
Choice	3 75	@	3 00
Straight	3 65	@	3 75
Fine Patent		@	4 25
GLUE— ₩ lb—	7½	@	10
GRAIN— ₩ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White		@	58
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White		@	54
Corn, cargo, in bags—White		@	54
Oats, from store		@	37½
Oats, Rust Proof		@	40
Cow Peas	70	@	75
HIDES, ₩ lb—			
Green		@	6
Dry		@	8
HAY, ₩ 100 lbs—			
Eastern		@	1 00
Western		@	90
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ₩ lb	2	@	3¼
LARD, ₩ lb—			
Northern	8½	@	9
North Carolina	8½	@	10
LIME, ₩ barrel		@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ₩ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-Edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES ₩ gallon—			
New Crop Cuba, in hhds		@	22
" " in bbls		@	28
Porto Rico, in hhds	26	@	27½
" in bbls	28	@	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	13	@	14
" in bbls		@	16
Syrup, in bbls	13	@	22
NAILS, ₩ keg, Cut, 60d basis		@	2 50
PORK, ₩ barrel—			
City Mess	14 00	@	14 50
Rump		@	13 50
Prime		@	14 00
ROPE, ₩ lb	10	@	22
SALT ₩ sack, Alum		@	75
" Liverpool		@	65
Lisbon		@	
A fricas		@	
on 125 ₩ Sacks	40	@	65
SHINGLES 7-inch, ₩ M	5 00	@	7 00
Common	2 00	@	3 50
Cypress Saps	4 50	@	5 00
Cypress Hearts		@	7 50
SUGAR, ₩ lb—Standard Gran'd	5½	@	4¾
Standard A		@	4¼
White Ex. C		@	4¼
ExtraC, Golden	4	@	4¼
C, Yellow		@	4¼
SOAP, ₩ lb—Northern	3½	@	3½
STAVES, ₩ M—W. O. Barrel	8 00	@	
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ₩ M feet—Shipping	20	@	9 00
Mill, Prime	00	@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	4 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary	3 00	@	2 00
TALLOW, ₩ lb	5	@	5
WHISKEY, ₩ gallon—Northern	1 00	@	1
North Carolina	1 00	@	1
WOOL, ₩ lb—Washed	14	@	
Clean of burs	12½	@	
Burry		@	

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Oct. 7.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Sales at 24¾ cents per gallon for country and 25¼ cents for machine-made casks. Market steady.

ROSIN.—Market firm at $1 15 per bbl for Strained and $1 20 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market steady at $1 40 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market quoted on Change firm at $1 10 for Hard, $1 90 for Yellow Dip and $1 60 for Virgin. Inspectors quote Hard, $1 20; Virgin and Yellow Dip, $1 80.

COTTON—Market closed steady on a basis of 8¾c for Middling.

Ordinary	6¾ cts ₩ lb
Good Ordinary	7¾ " "
Low Middling	8 5-16 " "
Middling	8¾ " "
Good Middling	9 1-16 " "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	2,729 bales
Spirits Turpentine	48 casks
Rosin	435 bbls
Tar	323 bbls
Crude Turpentine	141 bbls

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, October 7.—Evening—Money on call firm at 2@3 per cent. last loan at 2 and closing offered at 2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper was 5@5½ per cent. Sterling exchange easy; actual business in bankers' bills at 486¾@487 for sixty days and 487½@487¾ for demand. Commercial bills 485½@486¼. Government bonds were firm; United States coupon fours 111¾; United States twos 97. State bonds steady; North Carolina fours 103; North Carolina sixes 122. Rail road bonds weak.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was dull.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, October 7—Evening—Cotton dull; middling gulf 9¾c; middling 9¼c.

Cotton futures closed barely steady; October 8 80, November 8 81, December 8 89, January 8 97, February 9 02, March 9 07; April 9 12, May 9 17, June 9 22. Sales 164,700 bales.

Cotton—net receipts — bales; gross

Children Cry FOR PITCHER'S Castoria

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep **natural.** **Castoria** contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"I use Castoria in my practice, and find it specially adapted to affections of children." ALEX. ROBERTSON, M. D., 1057 2d Ave., New York.

THE CENTAUR CO., 77 Murray St., N. Y.

What is Castoria

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Do not be imposed upon, but insist upon having Castoria, and see that the fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on the wrapper. We shall protect ourselves and the public at all hazards.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

A LADY'S TOILET

Is not complete without an ideal

COMPLEXION POWDER.

POZZONI'S

Combines every element of beauty and purity. It is beautifying, soothing, healing, healthful, and harmless, and when rightly used is invisible. A most delicate and desirable protection to the face in this climate.

Insist upon having the genuine.

IT IS FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

feb 4 1y

Wants.

One Cent a Word.

Advertisements under this heading—Help and Situations Wanted, For Rent, For Sale, Lost and Found, One Cent a word each insertion. But no advertisement taken for less than Twenty cents. my 26 tf

FOR MAN AND BEAST!

Mexican Mustang Liniment

CURES

Sciatica,	Scratches,	Contracted Muscles,
Lumbago,	Sprains,	Eruptions,
Rheumatism,	Strains,	Hoof Ail,
Burns,	Stitches,	Screw Worms,
Scalds,	Stiff Joints,	Swinney,
Stings,	Backache,	Saddle Galls,
Bites,	Galls,	Piles.
Bruises,	Sores,	
Bunions,	Spavin	
Corns,	Cracks.	

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY

accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its **universal applicability.** Everybody needs such a medicine.

The Lumberman needs it in case of accident.
The Housewife needs it for general family use.
The Canaler needs it for his teams and his men.
The Mechanic needs it always on his work bench.
The Miner needs it in case of emergency.
The Pioneer needs it—can't get along without it.
The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.
The Steamboat man or the Boatman needs it in liberal supply afloat and ashore.
The Horse-fancier needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance.
The Stock-grower needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble.
The Railroad man needs it and will need it so long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers.
The Backwoodsman needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life, limb and comfort which surround the pioneer.
The Merchant needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when these come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once.
Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy.
Keep a Bottle in the Factory. Its immediate use in case of accident saves pain and loss of wages.
Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

The Morning Star.

THE QUEEN.

He knows, the rogue on the tree,
That over mountain and lea
The spring is coming, coming,
Faster than eye can see.

Last week he was stark with cold,
Went heavy, songless and old.
Why, hark to the tune he is humming!
'Tis a song for the days of gold.

And her voice that calleth the swallows
Home, and the gold wren follows,
Nearer is coming and nearer,
Thrilling the hills and hollows.

And he knows, the rogue on the tree,
'Tis the queen from over the sea.
Her voice is sweeter and dearer
Than any blackbird's can be.
—New York Tribune.

NONA.

Some years ago I passed several weeks at a fishing village on the coast of Brittany. What a hole it was! But how picturesque! A miserable anchorage, for ten boats at the most, a single stony street, which I can compare to nothing better than a mountain torrent. On top of the hill a church, a veritable gothic toy, which stood in the middle of a cemetery from which a magnificent view of the ocean was obtained. Finding myself in the vein for work, I lingered in this out of the way corner until the end of the month of September, which by a rare chance in rainy Finistere, was that year exceptionally mild and clear.

But one cannot always compose verses and write, and a walk was my hygiene and my distraction. My most frequent promenade was along the beach, having on my right the bleak and rocky cliffs and on my left the uncovered stretches of sand—an immense desert of sand left bare by the outgoing tide. Two or three times I had exchanged civilities with some custom house officer going his rounds, his gun slung over his shoulder. I was so regular and peaceful a promenader that the sea swallows were no longer afraid of me and hopped in front of me, leaving the print of their star shaped feet in the wet sand. I walked six or eight kilometers a day and returned home with my pockets filled with those dainty shells which are found by burying the hand deep down in the damp pebbles.

This was my favorite excursion. However, on the days when a strong breeze was blowing and the tide was very high I abandoned the seashore, and climbing the village street I strolled along the sandy moor, or else I settled myself with a book on a bench in a corner of the cemetery, which was sheltered by the church tower from the west end.

It was a lovely spot, conducive to sadness and revery. The church tower stood out against the autumn sky, over which dark clouds were scurrying. Crows, whose nests were in the steeple, flew out with their hoarse cawing, and the shadow of their large wings glided over the scattered tombstones, almost hidden in the grass.

In the evening more than at any other time, the last rays of the setting sun bathing the sea as though with blood, the ragged branches of the skeleton of an old apple tree silhouetted against the crimson sky and the deep intense stillness of the wild home of the dead flooded my soul with melancholy.

It was on such an evening as I have just described that, wandering among the tombs, many of which bore under the sailor's name this mournful legend, "Died at sea," I read on a new cross the following words, which astonished and puzzled me: "Here reposes Nona Le Maguet. Died at sea Oct. 26, 1878, at the age of 19."

Died at sea! A young girl! Women hardly ever go out in the fishing boats. How did this happen?

"Well, monsieur," said a gruff voice behind me suddenly, "you are looking at poor Nona's tomb?"

I turned around and recognized an old sailor, with a wooden leg, whose good graces I had acquired by the aid of a few glasses of brandy, which I had given him in the taproom at the inn.

"Yes," I replied. "But I thought that you fishermen never permitted women to go out with you. I have even been told that they bring you misfortune."

"And that is the truth," responded the good man. "Besides, Nona never went into a boat. Would you like to know how the poor little one died? Well, I will tell you.

"First of all, I must tell you that Pierre, her father, was a topman, like myself, and an old comrade. At Bourget, when Admiral La Ronciere raised his golden helmet on the point of his saber, and we flung ourselves, hatchet in hand, on the embattled houses, we marched elbow to elbow, Pierre and I, and it was he who received me in his arms when those cursed Prussians put a ball in my thigh. That same evening in the ambulance at the fort Pierre held my hand to give me courage while the surgeon amputated my limb, and he was there at my bedside when the admiral brought me my medal. But those rascally Prussians got the best of us, and we were sent home. I, with my wooden leg, was practically helpless. But Pierre, who was uninjured, hired on board a fishing smack. Very soon afterward his wife died from an intermittent fever, leaving him the care of little Nona, who was going on 10 years of age.

"Naturally while the widower was at sea it was I, his comrade, I, the old bachelor, who cared for the little one. She was a good and pretty child, monsieur; courageous and sweet tempered. We very often went to the rocks at low tide to gather turtles, shrimps, prawn, and sometimes we were fortunate enough to find a lobster. Ah, but we were good friends!

"This went on for about two years. Nona had made her first communion, grown and shot up like a thistle in the sand. But one day the Amelia, Le Magnet's boat, was overtaken in a storm and wrecked. The skipper did not haul in his sail soon enough, and the boat struck on that reef you can see over there—just a little more to the starboard. There were four men in the crew—the skipper, two sailors and my poor Pierre. But the sea only gave up three of the drowned men and retained my comrade. Nona became an orphan. It goes without saying that I did my best to replace her father. But the child, even after the first sorrow passed away, did not seem to console herself. And do you know why, monsieur? Because of an idea all the women around here have. They believe that a soul must remain in pain unto the judgment day unless it reposes in consecrated ground. We men do not believe in all this nonsense when we know what happens when there is a death on board ship. But Nona could not be forced to believe other than the women had taught her and continued to burn candles at all the pardons in the neighboring towns for the repose of her father's soul.

"However, in spite of everything, time is a famous merchant of forgetfulness, and Nona after a few years appeared to me to become somewhat reconciled. Besides, her grief had not prevented her from growing handsomer and taking a pride in herself, and it is not because I loved her like a father, but, upon my honor, she was the freshest and prettiest young girl in the parish. We lived so happily together. We were not rich, to be sure, but we lived, and we enjoyed ourselves all the same. I had my pension and my medal, and then we used to go together to hunt for lobsters in the rocks. The trade is a paying one, and there is only one danger, that of being overtaken by the tide. Ah, unfortunately that was how she met her death, poor little one!

"One day when my rheumatism confined me to the house she went fishing alone. It was just such a day as today, the sky clear, the wind high. When the rock searchers gathered together with full baskets, they perceived that Nona failed to respond to their calls. There was no possible doubt. Great God, she had been delayed and surrounded by the rising tide! She had been drowned! Ah, what a night I passed, monsieur! At my age, yes, a hard hearted man like me, I sobbed like a woman. And the remembrance came to me of the poor child's belief that to go to heaven she must be interred in consecrated ground. Therefore as soon as the tide went down I went to the shore, and, with the others, searched for the body.

"And we found poor Nona," continued the old sailor in a trembling voice. "We found her on a rock covered with seaweed, where, knowing that she was going to die, the poor little one had prepared herself for death. Yes, monsieur, she had tied her skirts below the knees with her fichu, through modesty, and with her old idea uppermost had attached herself to the seaweed by her hair, her beautiful black hair, certain that she would thus be found and interred in consecrated ground. And I can say, I, who know what bravery is, that there is perhaps not a man brave enough to do likewise."

The old man was silent. By the last gleam of the twilight I saw two great tears rolling down his weather beaten cheeks. We descended to the village side by side in silence. I was profoundly touched by this simple girl's courage, who, even in the agonies of death, had retained the modesty of her sex and the piety of her race, and before me in the distant immensity, in the solitudes of the heavens and the sea, gleamed out the beacon lights and the stars.

Oh, brave men of the sea! Oh, noble Brittany!—From the French of Francois Coppee For Romance.

Dickens' Characters.

Not even Dickens, I think, found room for a butcher amid his Babylon of trades. A bailiff he has and eight sheriff's officers, half a dozen beadles and half as many more brokers. The sheriff's officer is, of course, a familiar enough figure from the days of our literary drama.

An ingenious American has compiled a list of Dickens' characters, classified by callings, and it reads like nothing so much as a trades directory. There are architects, auctioneers, bankers, barbers, boarding house keepers, blacksmiths, carpenters, carriers, chandlers, chemists, clerks (a perfect army of them), coachmen, coal merchants, constables, corn chandlers, costumers, detectives, doctors, domestic servants, dry salters, engineers, engine drivers, farmers, fishermen, gamekeepers, grocers, green grocers, haberdashers, hopgrowers, jailers and turnkeys, laborers, lamplighters, lawyers, law stationers, locksmiths, manufacturers, merchants, medical students, money lenders, notaries, hostlers, pawnbrokers, parish clerks, plasterers, porters, postmasters, potboys, reporters, robemakers, saddlers, sailors, sextons, shipwrights, stewards, stokers, stonemasons, sugar bakers, tailors, teachers, tobacconists, toymakers and merchants, undertakers, watermen, weavers, wharfingers, wheelwrights.

The list might be made longer, but that perhaps is long enough to make you realize how amply provided with trades and tradesmen are the teeming streets of Dickens' imagination.—Macmillan's Magazine.

Iridium.

Singularly enough, iridium, though a metal of such comparative rarity, is said to be a source of no small trouble in the operations of our mints, on account of the difficulty experienced there in separating it from gold bullion. Practically, as is well known, this metal is utilized to some extent for making instruments of delicacy which require to possess the property of not corroding, and is obtained from iridosmine, a natural alloy of iridium, osmium, rhodium, platinum and ruthenium, an extraordinarily white mixture of rare metals, much of it being found in washing for gold in the beach sands of Oregon, and it resists the action of all single acids. In its use for tipping gold pens, in which it is specially serviceable, the grains of it, which are flat, like gold dust, are picked out with magnifying glasses.—New York Sun.

ONE HEAD USHER.

The Ways Wherein He Differed From Others of His Calling.

It is as old as the Proverbs that the cobbler's children are always poorly shod.

The restaurant man goes home for dinner, and the bartender is a total abstainer.

The druggist may patronize the faith cure and the railway man knows of no greater luxury than a ride in a buggy. The street car conductor is glad to get a day off, so he can take a long walk.

A more remarkable case than any of these is that of the head usher at the theater, and one theater in particular. Probably every playgoer in Chicago knows him. The title of "head usher" does him an injustice. He is more like a host or the chief of a reception committee.

There are head ushers who pounce upon you, grab the coupons, thrust them back into your fumbled hands and shout, "First aisle to the right!"

There are other head ushers who tell you to hurry up or step lively. They give loud warning that all coupons must be ready.

They shout, "Hey, there!" and are constantly distracted because of the immense responsibility which they imagine is resting upon them.

As soon as a snippy young man gets into a box office or is engaged as an usher, he begins to imagine that he owns the house, the company and a good part of the frontage in the block.

But the exceptional head usher is calm, polite, attentive and solicitous.

No matter how rapidly the crowd may pour in, it seems that every one who comes receives some courtesy at his hands.

He doesn't shout or grab and the small children are not afraid of him.

The most remarkable thing about this model master of ceremonies, however, is that he knows very little about actors or plays.

The other evening, when the house was crowded and the performance was being received with noisy approval, a man who came into the foyer between acts remarked to him, "Well, it's a funny show."

"I dare say," he replied; "the house seems to like it."

"Didn't you see it?"

"No; I was out here all the time."

"Is that so? Don't you step inside to see the performances?"

"Oh, no. My duties keep me here. In the 15 years that I have been in this position I have never seen a performance."

At first the man wouldn't believe it, but it was a fact just the same.—Chicago Record.

Lake Memphremagog, in Vermont, was originally called Mem-plow-boque, a large body of water.

A foot mantle was the name originally given to a riding skirt.

ON THE ROAD TO RUIN

STORIES OF THE TEMPLE OF MAMMON AT MONTE CARLO.

Some of Them True, Many False, but All Highly Interesting—Backum and the "Wellington Boot System"—A Talk With Mr. Spectator, a Man Who Knows.

But who should this be sipping some iced vermouth at the marble table but an old friend whom I will call Mr. Spectator. He lives at Monte Carlo, he has passed a score of seasons here, he has plenty of money, he goes to the Casino every day and every evening and he never plays a cent. It is his occupation in life to be an observer of things and to mark the ways of man and woman kind. In the summer he will mark them at Aix-les-Bains, at Lausanne or at Trouville. He knows everything about what is going on just now at "Monty," what Russian princess pawned her diamonds last week and what Cuban sugar planter did not die of apoplexy at the Hotel Carmbole, but poisoned himself with prussic acid. "He was a fool, sir," quoth Mr. Spectator. "Why didn't he go to the administration? Why didn't he make his declaration? They knew well enough that he had lost 200,000 francs in the course of ten days. They would have paid his traveling and hotel expenses back to Paris, or back to Brazil, for the matter of that. He was a fool, sir!"

Mr. Spectator went on to explain that when a cleaned out player made a candid admission of his impecuniosity the administration gave him a sum of money sufficient to defray his journey by railway to the place whence he came and his incidental expenses en route. He mentioned one case in which a whole family of five persons were allowed 15 louis apiece to take them from Monte Carlo to London, the sole condition attached to the largess being that the recipient should not re-enter the Casino unless he or she recouped the administration for their outlay. In the case which he cited, one of the party, a lady, who had not gone farther than Nice, received some weeks afterward a handsome remittance from England. She went back blithely to "Monty," repaid the 15 louis, re-entered the Casino, and backing the douze dernier, not forgetting zero, won £300. "You are not to believe," added Mr. Spectator, "a tithe of the sensational stories printed about ruined gamesters hanging themselves to trees in the gardens, or blowing out their brains in the reading room." The majority of these canards are set on foot by obscure French newspapers which have not been subventioned or bribed by the administration to puff Monte Carlo.

One of the pleasantest characteristics of my friend Mr. Spectator is that every time you meet him he has a fresh story to tell you about an infallible system for winning at roulette, and this time he regaled me with a succinct narrative of what I may call the "Wellington boot system." Captain Backum had played for many years a large number of systems, and by the time he was five and forty had played away a handsome fortune. A happy thought occurred to him. He always wore Wellington boots. His capital was just 5 louis. This he changed into 5 franc pieces, and he never staked more than one piece at a time, and if he won he withdrew his stakes after the third coup. His winnings he carefully placed in a side pocket, and whenever he had won four pieces he changed them into a louis and slipped the coin into one of his boots. He played for seven consecutive hours before his stock capital was exhausted. Then he returned to Nice, somewhat heavy of footstep, and drawing off his boots, found that he had won 100 louis.

"This was two years ago," continued Mr. Spectator, "and only last week I found Backum at a third class hotel at Nice. He was in a dressing gown and slippers and looking by no means cheerful. 'How about the Wellington boot system?' I asked. 'Utter collapse,' he replied. 'Confounded run of bad luck.' 'And the boots?' I went on. 'The boots?' he replied. 'I pawned them yesterday afternoon.'"

So this is "Monty" in full swing—"Monty," with its ups and downs, its ceaseless whirl of gayety and dissipation. There is no rest at Monte Carlo. When you are tired of play, there are dramatic performances, there are concerts, there is pigeon shooting, and in the spring and summer there is plenty of yachting. But all these are only side issues. The Grand Trunk line of Monte Carlo leads to the temple of mammon. It is crowded night and day by people lusting for money which they have not earned, and it is the road to ruin.—London Telegraph.

The Barber's Little Joke.

"I see you wear a Grand Army button," said the man in the chair.

"Yes, sah," said the barber, with a smile.

"Belong to a colored post, I suppose?"

"No sah. The cullud post belongs to me, sah."

It was not till he had stepped out and seen the barber's sign that the customer saw the point.—Indianapolis Journal.

The Horse's Hope.

Young Horse—Nothing but work, work, work. I've a great mind to commit suicide.

Old Horse—Have patience. When you are so old that you can't walk, you'll be advertised as suitable for a lady to drive, and after that you'll live in ease and luxury.—New York Weekly.

Alluvial Gold.

Before the Royal society of New South Wales a member recently presented a summary of the various reasons which have been put forth to account for the existence of alluvial gold other than the old and accepted one—that it had been set free by processes of disintegration. Details are also given of a large number of experiments made with a view to determine whether a nucleus of gold, immersed in a gold solution and in the presence of such substances as would be likely to occur in nature, will increase in weight, the conclusion being that gold is deposited when the nucleus is in contact not only with metaliferous sulphides and arsenides which form strong galvanic couples, but also with such substances as iron oxides, charcoal, graphite, sandstone, granite, quartz, clay and marble, which form but weak galvanic couples with the gold nucleus. It is doubtful, he thinks, whether the common assertion as to the greater fineness of nugget as compared with coarse vein gold has any foundation in fact. With fine alluvial gold there is such a difference, but this is thought to result from the removal of silver and other impurities by solution, owing to the larger relative surfaces exposed. Furthermore, the author assumes that large nuggets could be artificially produced by methods used in his own experiments, and that gold is probably being so deposited at the present day.

Mrs. Paran Stevens' Bluntness.

Stories anent the late genius of New York society are still going the rounds and are likely, in view of Mrs. Paran Stevens' prominence and wit, to pass into folklore. She was an imperious, determined, quick tempered woman, bold, even audacious, in her opinions, but thoroughly good at heart when she allowed that heart to be shown. Her straightforward manner of speaking usually accompanied a sentiment of kindness and a poignant sting. On one occasion a proud girl in Mrs. Stevens' particular set spoke slightingly of a young southern girl who had been the rage during the season—a protegee of Mrs. Stevens. "My child," observed the awful Mrs. Stevens, "my young friend belongs to a good family, she is beautiful, she is kind, and she is sensible, and she is good, which is more than can be said of any woman in this room." You can fancy the general bewilderment among Mrs. Stevens' guests.

BOONE AND THE INDIANS.

The Old Kentucky Hunter Was a Prisoner In Their Hands For Months.

Boone frequently took to the field on set expeditions against the savages. Once when he and a party of other men were making salt at a lick, they were surprised and carried off by the Indians. The old hunter was a prisoner with them for some months, but finally made his escape and came home through the trackless woods as straight as the wild pigeon flies. He was ever on the watch to ward off the Indian inroads and to follow the war parties and try to rescue the prisoners.

Once his own daughter and two other girls who were with her were carried off by a band of Indians. Boone collected some friends and followed them steadily for two days and a night. Then they came to where the Indians had killed a buffalo calf and were camped. Firing from a little distance, they shot two Indians, and rushing in rescued the girls.

On another occasion, when Boone had gone to visit a salt lick with his brother, the Indians ambushed them and shot the latter. Boone himself escaped, but the Indians followed him for three miles by the aid of a tracking dog, until Boone turned, shot the dog and then eluded his pursuers. In company with Simon Kenton and many of the noted hunters and wilderness warriors he once and again took part in perilous expeditions into the Indian country. Twice bands of Indians, accompanied by French, Tory and British partisans from Detroit, bearing the flag of Great Britain, attacked Boonesboro. In each case Boone and his fellow settlers beat them off with loss.

At the fatal battle of the Blue Licks, in which 200 of the best riflemen of Kentucky were beaten with terrible slaughter by a great force of Indians from the lakes, Boone commanded the left wing. Leading his men, rifle in hand, he pushed back and overthrew the force against him. But meanwhile the Indians destroyed the right wing and center and got in the rear, so that there was nothing for Boone's men except to flee with all speed.—Theodore Roosevelt in St. Nicholas.

WELLINGTON WAS WARNED.

A Design Which Might Have Materially Affected the Destiny of Europe.

The story goes that Wellington used to ride over daily, with one or two of his staff, from his headquarters at St. Jean de Luz, and take his stand on the top of a wooded sand hillock, called Blanc Pignon, on the left bank of the Adour, which commands a view of both banks and the town itself two miles up stream. This had been noticed by the French, who had still command of the river and the opposite shore, and the zealous sailor aforesaid, Bourgeois by name, conceived the plan of entrapping the great English captain by lying in ambush for him, with a few men, among the undergrowth on the sand dune, which happened to be on neutral ground just outside the line of French pickets.

General Thouvenot very honorably declined to sanction this tricky proceeding, but, seeing through his glasses from the clock tower of the cathedral in Bayonne that it was actually being carried out, notwithstanding his disapproval, he sent a mounted orderly, as fast as he could gallop, down the road on the left bank of the river (the present site of the Allees Marines) past the French pickets, to warn Wellington of his danger. The message was just in time. When within a short distance of the ambush, awaiting him on the narrow little track winding up the sand dune, he turned his horse and moved quietly off in another direction.

So says the story, which, entirely believed by the French, is placed on record by Morel, declared in a footnote to be correct, and then (1846) within the memory of living witnesses. We can entirely agree with the author in his succeeding remark, "Thus, by one of those strange chances beyond all human explanation, there fell through a design which might have materially changed the course of events."—Macmillan's Magazine.

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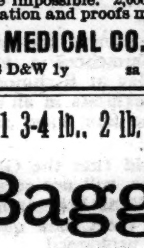

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W., N. & N. Railway.

In Effect Sunday, Sept. 1, 1895.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND	STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND
8		7
A M	—WILMINGTON—	P M
8 30	Lv... Mulberry street .. Ar	6 20
10 34	Lv.. Jacksonville Lv	4 23
11 07	Lv.. Maysville Lv	3 51
11 22	Lv.. Pollocksville Lv	3 36
12 00	Ar.. Newbern Lv	3 00
P M		P M

Trains 8 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.

Steamers on New River leave Marine's daily except Sunday, at 6.30 a m; arrive Jacksonville at 9.30 a m; returning leave Jacksonville 3.00 p m, arriving Marine's 6 p m.

H. A. WHITING, General Manager.

J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager. sep 1 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT OCT. 6, 1895.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.25 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.50 a m, Warsaw 11.10 a m, Goldsboro 12.05 a m, Wilson 1.00 p m, Rocky Mount 2.33 p m, Tarboro 2.48 p m, Weldon 3.39 p m, Petersburg 5.48 p m, Richmond 6.45 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, Boston 3.00 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.31 p m, Warsaw 8.45 p m, Goldsboro 9.40 p m, Wilson 10.27 p m, †Tarboro 6.58 a m, Rocky Mount 12.07 p m, Weldon 12.55 a m, †Norfolk 10.25 a m, Petersburg 2.37 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.23 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.23 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 8.30 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.17 p m, Marion 6.34 p m, Florence 7.05 p m, Atkins 8.11 p m, Sumter 8.38 p m, Columbia 10.00 p m, Denmark 6.11 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.55 p m, Savannah 1.55 a m, Jacksonville 7.55 a m, St. Augustine 10.15 a m, Tampa 6.00 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.55 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.53 a m, Tarboro 12.30 p m, Rocky Mount 1.05 p m, Wilson 2.08 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.45 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 11.00 p m, New York 9.00 a m, Philadelphia 11.88 a m, Baltimore 1.13 p m, Washington 3.30 p m, Richmond 7.18 p m, Petersburg 7.55 p m, †Norfolk 2.10 p m, Weldon 9.27 p m, †Tarboro 5.50 p m, Rocky Mount 10.20 p m, arrive Wilson 11.03 p m, leave Wilson 6.20 a m, Goldsboro 7.05 a m, Warsaw 7.59 a m, Magnolia 8.29 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 11 50 a m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.20 a m, Sanford 1.00 p m, Jacksonville 6.20 p m, Savannah 12.10 night, Charleston 4.13 a m, Columbia 5.20 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.25 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 6.43 a m, Atkins 7.14 a m, Florence 8.25 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 10.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.39 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.45 p m, Halifax 4.05 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 4.55 p m, Greenville 6.37 p m, Kinston 7 35 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 20 a m, Greenville 8.22 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 00 a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7.00 a. m., arrive Parmele 8.40 a. m., Tarboro 10; am returning leaves Tarboro 4 30 p m; Parmele 6.10 p. m. arrives Washington 7.35 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N.C., daily except Sunday, at 4.50 p m; Sunday 3.00 p m; arrive Plymouth 9 00 p m, 5 25 p m. Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday 6.00 a m, Sunday 9 30 a m; Arrive Tarboro 10 25 a m and 11 55 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6 05 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C. 8 00 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9 30 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m.

Trains on South and North Carolina Railroad leave Elliott 11 15 a m and 4 00 p m. Lucknow 12 45 p m, and 5 00 p m; returning leave Lucknow 9 00 a m and 2 00 p m, arrive Elliott 10 30 a m and 6 30 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 8.40 a m, arrive Latta 9.01 a m, Dillon 9 12 a m, Rowland 9 31 a m, returning leaves Rowland 6 00 p m, arrives Dillon 6.18 p m, Latta 6.31 p m, Pee Dee 6.53 p m, daily. Latta Branch trains leave Latta 6 40 p m, arrive Clio 8 05 p m, returning leave Clio 6 10 a m, arrive Latta 7 50 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Conway Railroad, leave Hub at 8.15 a m, Chadbourn 10.20 a m, arrive Conway 12.35 p m, leave Conway 2 30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.20 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 7.30 a m, 8.15 a m, 7.35 p m, arrive Darlington 8.05 a m, 8.55 a m, 8.00 p m, Hartsville 8.50 p m, Bennettsville 2 50 p m, Gibson 5 10 p m, Cheraw, S. C., 11.15 a m, Wadesboro 1.10 p m, leave Wadesboro 2.00 p m, Cheraw 3.45 p m, Gibson 9 40 a m, Bennettsville 11 10 a m, Hartsville 4.30 a m, Darlington 6.05 p m, 4.30 p m, 5.25 a m, arrive Florence 6.45 p m, 5 p m, 6 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.50 p m, Manning 6.21 p m, arrive Lane's 7 p m, leave Lanes 8.38 a m, Manning 9.15 a m. arrive Sumter 9.44 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.25 a m, 5.25 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.03 p m, 11.03 p m, arrive Selma 2.53 p m, Smithfield 3.03 p m, Dunn 3.44 p m, Fayetteville 4.30 p m, 12.53 a m, Rowland 6.00 p m, returning leave Rowland 9.31 a m, Fayetteville 10.55 a m, 9.35 p m, Dunn 11.44 a m, Smithfield 12.25 p m, Selma 12.32 p m, arrive Wilson 1.20 p m, 11.28 p m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Darlington †2 05 a m, arrives Sumter †3 20 a m. Leave Sumter †10 a m, arrives Pregnalls †5 40 p m. Leaves Sumter 4 19 a m, arrives Denmark 6 11 a m. Returning leaves Denmark 4 17 p m, arrive Sumter 6 05 p m. Leaves Pregnalls †8 50 a m, arrives Sumter †3 30 p m. Leaves Sumter †9 50 p m, arrives Darlington †12 25 p m. †Daily except Sunday.

H. M. EMERSON, Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.

T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. my 12 tf

Office of the Secretary and Treasurer

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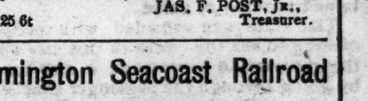


WILMINGTON, N. C., Sept. 24, 1895.

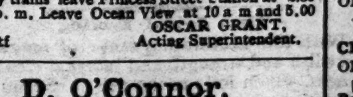
BY instructions of the Board of Directors of the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad Company the Treasurer will pay to all holders of record of this date three and a half per cent interest on the Certificates of Indebtedness of that Company. Interest due and payable October 1st, 1895.

JAS. F. POST, JR., Treasurer.

sept 25 6t

Wilmington Seacoast Railroad

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.



ON AND AFTER OCT. 10TH, THE TRAINS on the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will run as follows:

Trains leave Princess street Station at 2.30 and 6.00 p. m.

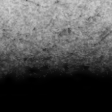
Trains leave Ocean View at 7.30 a. m., 5 p. m.

Sunday trains leave Princess Street Station at 2.30 and 6 p. m. Leave Ocean View at 10 a m and 5.00 p. m.

OSCAR GRANT, Acting Superintendent.

oct 6 tf

D. O'Connor,



REAL ESTATE AGENT, WILMINGTON, N. C. Stores, Offices and Dwellings for rent. Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, taxes and insurance attended to promptly. Cash loaned on improved city real estate. sep 6 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway

JOHN GILL, Receiver.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT JUNE 23, 1895.

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 1.	MAIN LINE.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 2.
5 55 p. m.	Ar... Wilmington ... Lve	9 05 a. m
2 45 "	Lv... Fayetteville ... Ar	12 15 p m
2 15 "	Ar .. Fayetteville ... Lv	12 45
"	Ar Fayetteville Junc Lv	
12 50 "	Lv .... Sanford Lv	2 16 "
10 50 a m	Lv ...... Climax Lv	4 19 p. m
10 20 "	Lv .... Greensboro ... Ar	4 50 "
10 11 "	Ar .... Greensboro Lv	5 00 "
9 28 "	Lv .... Stokesdale Lv	5 55 "
8 59 a m	Lv ... Walnut Cove ... Ar	6 25 "
8 55 "	Ar .. Walnut Cove ... Lv	6 30 "
8 29 "	Lv .... Rural Hall ... Lv	6 58 "
7 05 "	Lv ..... Mt Airy ..... Ar	8 25 "

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 3.	Bennettsville Division.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 4.
7 20 p m	Ar ... Bennettsville ... Lv	8 15 a. m.
6 12 "	Ar ...... Maxton Lv	9 29 "
5 40 "	Lv ... Red Springs ... Lv	9 55 "
4 54 "	Lv .... Hope Mills Lv	10 35 "
4 35 "	Lv .... Fayetteville ... Ar	10 55

SOUTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 15. MIXED.	Factory and Madison Branches.	NORTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 16. MIXED.
6 00 p m	Ar ..... Ramseur. .Lv	5 50 a. m
4 20 "	Lv ..... Climax Lv	7 35 "
3 00 "	Lv ... Greensboro. .. Ar	8 20 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 13 MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Greensboro	9 15 a. m
Leave Stokesdale	10 50 "
Arrive Madison	11 50 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15 MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Madison	12 30 p m
Leave Stokesdale	1 35 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 40

NORTH-BOUND CONNECTONS

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points North and East, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western R. R. for Winston Salem.

SOUTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and points North and West, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company for Raleigh, Richmond and all points North and East, at Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points South, at Maxton with the Seaboard Air Line for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points South and Southwest, at Wilmington with the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad for Wrightsville and Ocean View.

Trains No. 1 and 2 dinner at Fayetteville.

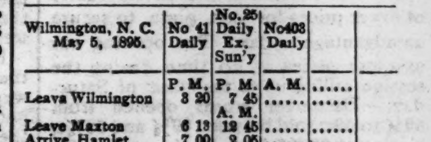
W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager.

my 18 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE.

Carolina Central R. R.



CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

WESTBOUND TRAINS.

Wilmington, N. C. May 5, 1895.	No 41 Daily	No. 25 Daily Ex. Sun'y	No403 Daily	
	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	......
Leave Wilmington	3 20	7 45	......	......
		A. M.		
Leave Maxton	6 13	12 45	......	......
Arrive Hamlet	7 00	2 05	......	......
Leave Hamlet	7 05	2 50	7 54	......
Leave Wadesboro	7 55	4 40	8 08	......
Arrive Monroe	8 55	5 50	8 49	......
Leave Monroe	9 20	6 30	9 55	......
Arrive Charlotte	10 10	7 45	10 48	......
Leave Charlotte			10 43	......
Leave Lincolnton			12 05	......
			P. M.	......
Leave Shelby			1 50	......
Arr Rutherfordton			2 30	......

EASTBOUND TRAINS.

	No.38 Daily	No.26 Daily Ex. Sun'y	No402 Daily
	A. M.	P M.	P. M.
Lve Rutherfordton	......	......	4 25
Leave Shelby	......	......	5 58
Leave Lincolnton	......	......	6 55
Arrive Charlotte	......	......	8 20
Leave Charlotte	5 20	8 50	8 20
Arrive Monroe	6 00	10 45	9 10
Leave Monroe	6 20	11 05	9 15
Leave Wadesboro	7 18	12 43	9 54
		A. M.	
Arrive Hamlet	8 08	2 05	10 34
Leave Hamlet	8 45	2 30	
Leave Maxton	9 28	3 30	
	P. M.		
Arrive Wilmington	12 30	8 05	

Schedule Between Wilmington and Raleigh.

Leave Wilmington	3.20 p m	7.45 p m
Arrive Raleigh	1.26 a m	11.35 a m
Leave Raleigh	5.26 a m	3.30 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12.30 p m	8.05 a m

Schedule between Wilmington and Atlanta.

Leave Wilmington	3.20 p m	7.45 p m
Arrive Atlanta	5.20 a m	4 09 p m
Leave Atlanta	8.45 p m	1.00 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12.30 p m	8.05 a m

Sleepers on 25 and 26 between Wilmington and Charlotte.

Close connection at Athens by No. 25 for Macon, and close connection at Atlanta by Nos. 25 and 41 for Mobile, New Orleans, Nashville and all Southern, Western and Northwestern points.

Close connection by 25 and 41 for Augusta.

Nos. 403 and 402, "Atlanta Special," fast vestibule, daily for all points North, South and West.

Connections made at Lincolnton for Western N. C. points.

Junction Points—At Maxton with C F & Y V; at Wadesboro with Cheraw & Salisbury R R; at Hamlet with R & A, C S & N, and Palmetto Railway, at Monroe with G C & N; at Charlotte with R & D system; at Lincolnton with C & L Narrowgage, and at Shelby and Rutherfordton with the Three C's.

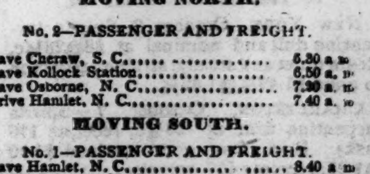
For information as to rates, schedules, &c, apply to THOS. D. MEARES, Agent S A L, Wilmington, N C

T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

E. St. JOHN, Vice-President.

JNO. H. WINDER, Gen'l Mrg. jan 20 tf

PALMETTO RAILROAD CO.



To Take Effect on Sept. 23, 1894

MOVING NORTH.

No. 2—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Leave Cheraw, S. C.	6.30 a m
Leave Kollock Station	6.50 a. m
Leave Osborne, N. C.	7.30 a. m.
Arrive Hamlet, N. C.	7.40 a. m

MOVING SOUTH.

No. 1—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Leave Hamlet, N. C.	8.40 a. m
Arrive Osborne, N. C.	9.00 a m
Leave Kollock Station	9.30 a m
Arrive Cheraw, S.C.	9.50 a. m

Close connection made at Hamlet with trains North South, East and West.

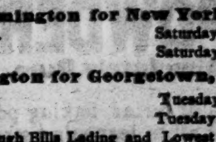
sep 25 tf MONCURE, Supt.

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C.

AND

Georgetown, S. C., Lines.



New York for Wilmington.

ONEIDA,	Saturday, Oct. 12
CROATAN,	Saturday, Oct. 19

Wilmington for New York.

CROATAN,	Saturday, Oct. 12
ONEIDA,	Saturday, Oct. 19

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

CROATAN,	Tuesday, Oct. 8
ONEIDA,	Tuesday, Oct. 15

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For freight or passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.

WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green, N. Y.

oct 6 tf

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, OCT. 8, 1895

SPOTS AND FUTURES.

New York Sun's Review of the Cotton Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—The *Sun* says: Cotton fell four to six points, then regained most of this, but later on it reacted, and closed about four points lower for the day, with the tone barely steady and the sales 164,700 bales. Port receipts for the week are estimated at 180,000 bales. Liverpool was unchanged on the spot, with sales of 10,000 bales. Futures declined one-half to one point, and then recovered one point, after which it reacted again, and closed quiet at a decline for the day of one to one and one-half points. Spot cotton in New York was dull and unchanged. Southern markets were unchanged. New York sold 195 bales for spinning and 200 were delivered on contract. The port receipts were 62,162 bales, against 53,578 this day last week and 69,834 last year. In Manchester yarns were dull and cloths quiet. New Orleans receipts to-morrow are estimated at 18,000 to 20,000 bales, against 8,041 last Tuesday. New Orleans declined three points, recovered this and advanced three points, lost this and declined one point, recovered this and advanced one point. Exports were heavy from the ports, reaching 12,880 bales to Great Britain and 12,175 to the Continent.

To-day's features: With the cables lower and the indications pointing to heavy receipts at the ports, with some selling by Europe as well as by local and Southern interests, prices dropped in the early trnasactions, although New Orleans was a tuyer and there were some reports of damage to the crop in parts of Texas by hurricanes. The German houses as a rule incline to the bear side, but the bears were cautious, and so, for that matter were the bulls. Many of the bulls would not object to a good decline, having liquidated of late and being naturally desirous of getting in again on a more advantageons basis. At the same time there is a general feeling that the Bureau report to be issued on Thursday will be distinctly bullish. The market closed at a moderate decline for the day on selling orders for local and Southern account, though the crop advices continue in the main unfavorable, numerous reports being received of a shortage in the yield and of light bales. From South Carolina and Georgia reports of bales thirty to forty pounds shorter than usual are being received.

GRAIN AND RPOVISIONS.

Wheat, Corn and Oats Closed Lower—Pork Products Higher.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, Oct. 7:—A multiplicity of bear items on wheat enabled advocates of lower prices for that grain to secure an advantage to-day. The opening was at a loss, prices at no time during the session selling up to the close of Saturday, December wheat opened from 59¼ to 59c; sold between 59⅜ and 58⅜c, closing at 58⅞@59c—⅝ of a cent under Saturday. Cash wheat was 1c per bushel lower.

The limits within which corn prices ranged to-day was as narrow as ever and there was no indication that a broadening was in prospect. Within the close boundaries the tone displayed constant sympathy with wheat, May corn opened at 29½c, declined to and closed at 28⅝—¼c under Saturday. Cash corn was ½c per bushel ower.

It was as dull in oats as on any day since the present period of inactivity set in. Prices tended lower, because of the general trend in that direction, but fluctuations were very narrow. May oats closed ¼c lower. Cash oats were ½c lower.

The opening and early provision trade was without strength or activity. At about the time of the "call" there appeared a better demand and as offerings showed no enlargement prices improved to a slight extent. The gain failed to be fully sustained, however, the close being at recessions from the outside. The weakness of wheat and also of hogs were discouraging. The close was 5c higher for January pork, a shade lower for January lard, and 2½c higher for January ribs.

FIRE ENGINEERS.

Twenty-Third Annual Convention in Session at Augusta, Ga.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

AUGUSTA, GA., Oct 7.—Owing to the preliminary work necessary to enrolling delegates and the securing of badges, paying of fees, etc, the twenty-third annual convention of fire engineers was not called to order until 12 o'clock, at the Grand Opera House. The delegates marched in behind the Augusta Young Men's Christian Association band. This is beyond doubt the largest convention which has ever been held by the Association. President Z. Benoit, of Montreal, called the convention to order, and Hon. J. C. C. Black, Congressman from the Tenth District, welcomed the delegates to the State in place of Gov. Atkinson, who was unavoidably detained. His speech was enthusiastically received, and rang with true Southern cordiality and patriotism.

M. Dewitte, the Russian Minister of Foreign Affairs, who has been visiting Germany for some time past, started for St. Petersburg yesterday.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, October 7.—Spirits turpentine dull and nominal at 28@28½c. Rosin quiet and steady; strained common to good $1 47½@1 52½.

CHARLESTON, October 7.—Spirits turpentine firm at 25½c; receipts 170 casks. Rosin firm; good strained $1 20 @1 25; receipts 457 barrels.

SAVANNAH, October 7.—Spirits turpentine opened at 25½ bid, with no sales; closed firm at 25½c, with sales of 700 casks reported; receipts 1,233 casks. Rosin firm and unchanged; no sales reported.

ROYAL

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength. —*Latest United States Government Food Report.*

Royal Baking Powder Co.,

106 Wall Street, N. Y.

A DOUBLE MURDER.

CANAL BOAT CAPTAIN AND HIS SON KILLED.

Brutally Butchered by a Mob at Tonawanda, New York—Fourteen Arrests Made.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NORTH TONAWANDA, N. Y., Oct 7.—A double murder was committed on P. W. Scribner's lumber docks at an early hour this morning and up to the present time fourteen men have been placed under arrest and search is being made for others. Shortly after midnight Captain Phillips of the canal boat Jennie Graft, and his son, of the boat May, began loading up with lumber. Other boat men who had refused to take loads at the price Scribner offered marched down in a body to the dock and interfered. Phillips, who was armed, drew a revolver and fired over the heads of the crowd, probably seeking to intimidate them. Some one, exactly whom has not been learned, pulled a gun and fired three shots at Phillips, who fell to the deck of his boat a dead man. The younger Phillips, who had taken a hand in the melee, was struck down with a club and horribly beaten. He managed to crawl into the cabin where he died at 8.15 this morning.

The murder appears to have been the direct outcome of the newly formed Canal Association, which was credited some time ago as a New York Central movement. The evidence here shows that Scribner had gotten Capt. Phillips to bring his boats here for a load, the boats to be loaded as soon as they arrived. This is contrary to the Association's rules, as the Association wishes to dictate to the forwarders when and how boats shall be loaded.

When the Tonawanda boatmen found that Capt. Phillips would load when he saw fit, a little army of desperate men collected at the dock and waited for the boat to come in. She arrived and tied up only to be boarded by the crowd. Officers were on the spot and attempted to keep the crowd back, but their efforts were fruitless for the men were like a pack of maddened wolves.

"If the coppers lay a hand on you, lay them out, boys," shouted one man in the crowd, and then he shouted to Capt. Phillips: "If there's anybody on that boat that you want to get off, now's your time."

"Never mind anybody here," answered Phillips. Then the trouble began. The men poured on the boat like demons, kicked the crew into the forward cabin and started for Capt. Phillips. In a second he fell to the deck with a bullet through his brain another through his heart. His 17-year old daughter sprang to his assistance only to be struck on the head and felled to the deck, while the mob kicked and abused the body of her dying father.

While this was going on the dead captain's son was attacked, and though he fought well he was knocked down and beaten almost to a jelly, his skull being fractured.

United States Deputy Marshal Smering made an attempt to fight the crowd back, but three of them covered him with revolvers and held him at bay until they had completed the bloody work. When the crimes had been committed the mob cut the boats loose and allowed them to drift down the river, but they were brought back by a tug.

It was a horrible sight that greeted the people on the dock when the boats were again tied up. On the deck in a pool of blood was the father, and along the deck were streams and blotches of blood where the son had crawled along to the cabin. Every window in the cabin was broken and the daughter was in hysterics over the remains of her murdered father.

So far sixteen men have been arrested and the authorities are examining witnesses and taking affidavits, looking to the arrest of others.

GEORGIA CENTRAL R. R.

Sold by Auction for Two Million Dollars to Samuel Thomas and Thos. H. Ryan.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAVANNAH, GA., Oct. 7.—The Central Railroad of Georgia was sold at noon to-day, in front of the passenger station in this city, to Messrs. Samuel Thomas and Thomas H. Ryan for $2,000,000. There was a crowd of about 500 people, among them being Messrs. Thomas and Ryan, Henry Crawford, H. M. Comer, Robert J. Lowery, Senator A. O. Bacon and a large number of lawyers interested in the proceedings. The sale took place in pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of the United States for the Southern District of Georgia, entered August 26th, 1895, in the suit of the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company against the Central Railroad and Banking Company of Georgia et al., and Alexander Brown & Sons against the Central Railroad & Banking Co., of Georgia, et al., consolidated cause in equity. Upon the cross bill of the Central Trust Co., of New York, Col. A. E. Buck, one of the special commissioners appointed to sell the property, gave notice of the sale at 12 m., and called on G. W. Owns, the other commissioner, to read the advertisement, which was done. Mr. Owens also read a notice stating that parlor car number XXX did not belong to the Central Railroad but to the Chattanooga, Rome & Columbus Railroad. Col. Buck then said it was useless for him to describe what a magnificent property was being offered, as every one was familiar with its advantages. When he called for a bid there was a silence of a minute or two, after which Mr. Henry Crawford said: "In behalf of Mr. Samuel Thomas Ryan, I bid $2,000,000." Col, Buck called a while for other bids, but no others came and he declared the property sold to Messrs. Ryan and Thomas for $2,000,000. Thereupon Mr. Crawford placed in the hands of the special commissioners a certified check for $50,000 in accordance with the decree of the court and the necessary papers were signed by the commissioners.

DISGUSTED ROBBERS

Hold Up an Express Train Near Fort Smith, Arkansas, for Eighty-five Cents

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ST. LOUIS, October 7.—A special from Fort Smith, Arkansas, says: Six men held up the north-bound train on the St. Louis & San Francisco road at midnight last night, near Gaston, I. T., a small station fifty miles from here. After all their risk, trouble and planning, they secured but 85 cents. They were so disgusted that they threw the money on the floor, cursed the express messenger and left. They ran the express car up the track a short distance and went through it. They were unable to get into the through safe, and the local contained nothing of value.

The train was crowded with people coming to see the circus in this city and the gang would have made a rich haul by going through the passenger coaches, but they refused to rob them. The only demonstration made against them was firing one shot in the coaches. The guard in charge ordered all to keep seated and they would not be molested. One boy got scared and ran and the robbers fired through the bottom of the coach. The boy fell and passengers thought he was killed. This caused a stampede. The Christian Brothers gang are credited with this hold up.

That Joyful Feeling

With the exhilirating sense of renewed health and strength and internal cleanliness, which follows the use of Syrup of figs, is ugknown to the few who have not progressed beyond the old time medicines and the cheap substitutes sometimes offered but never accepted by the well informed.

ATLANTA EXPOSITION!

GREAT PREPARATION FOR THE LIBERTY BELL.

Railroads will Run Special Trains from Every Direction—Commercial Travelers' Congress in November—Southern Immigration Congress.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, Oct. 7.—Great preparations are being made for the reception of the Liberty Bell in Atlanta. A committee of citizens headed by the Mayor, President Collier and the Exposition Directors will meet the special train at the city limits to-morrow afternoon at 4 o'clock where they will board the train and escort it into Alanta.

The bell will be taken to the east side of the city, where it will be kept under guard over night and will be brought to Wall street station at 8.15 Wednesday morning. There the Fifth regiment of Georgia volunteers and Fifth U. S. infantry will form a special escort to bring the precious relic to the Exposition grounds. The public schools will all be dismissed and 15,000 children will meet the bellat the grounds. A chorus of 1,000 voices selected from the public schools will sing "Hail Columbia" as the Liberty Bell is drawn up to the Pennsylvania building. Speeches will be made by Mayor Porter King, of Atlanta; Mayor Warwick, of Philadelphia, and Mr. C. A. Collier, president and director general of the Exposition. The 15,000 school children, each carrying a small United States flag, will make a grand demonstration—the most conspicuous and the most impressive feature of the ceremony. In the evening there will be a grand illumination and a magnificent pyrotechnic display in honor of the occasion.

The railroads have made arrangements to run special trains to Atlanta from every direction, and children will be brought here from hundreds of miles to see the Liberty Bell.

Wednesday promises to be one of the greatest days in the history of Atlanta and the Exposition.

The commercial travelling men of the world will hold a congress at the Cotton States and International Exposition here November 13. Southern travelling men announce that it will be the greatest day of all. Governors of each State will appoint the delegates representing the manufacturing and wholesale interests. Presidents of all the travelling men's associations will also appoint delegates. Representative will attend from European countries. Great preparations are being made by the Georgia travelling men to entertain their guests November 18th. President Max Robinson is here arranging details.

The Southern Irrigation Congress was organized here to-day. Prominent farmers and scientists constitute the membership. Dr. H. C. White, of the University of Georgia, is the temporary head of the Congress. The body meets again to-morrow in the Exposition auditorium.

CORBETT-FITZSIMMONS.

Manager Brady Determined That the Fight Shall Take Place—Corbett in Training.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAN ANTONIO, TEX., Oct. 7.—Manager Wm. A. Brady left to-night for Dallas to attend the conference there to-morrow with the Florida Athletic Club and Manager Martin Julian. Brady stated to-day that he was determined to do all in his power towards having the fight pulled off on schedule time. He said that he had received no word from President Stuart as to the nature of the propositions and modifications that would be offered, but if they are at all reasonable he would accept them. Brady will also bring up the matter of Fitzsimmons' stake money, which has been attacked, being made good. He states that he is determined the fight shall take place, and that he will not allow Fitzsimmons a loophole through which to crawl out.

Corbett began this morning at 9 o'clock, and after a five minutes sparring bout with five members of his party he used the wrist machine for some time. During the afternoon he spent two hours playing hand ball with Jim Daly, Joe Corbett and Billy Delaney. He then spent some time taking severe exercises. He finished his work at 6 o'clock, and was apparently not the least fatigued.

REMARKABLE COMBINATION.

Democrats, Populists and Prohibitionists Unite to Defeat Republicans.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

TOPEKA, KANSAS, October 7.—The opposition to the Republican party in Franklin county resulted Saturday in fusion which has attracted much attention and comment among political leaders. The Democrats, Populists and Prohibitionists joined in the nomination of a county ticket giving each party an equal share in candidates. Rev. Mr. Wharton, chairman of the Prohibition State Central Committee, was nominated for register of deeds. This is the most remarkable combination ever made in the State, as the Democrats have always opposed prohibition, and the Prohibitionists have regarded Democracy as their greatest enemy. For ten years Franklin county has been the third party prohibition stronghold of Kansas.

RAIN IN RALEIGH.

The Long Drought Broken—It Has Been Severe But Injured Only Late Crops.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RALEIGH, Oct. 7.—To-night rain began falling for the first time in nearly forty-five days. The drought has been severe in the State but has injured only late crops. It cut off some corn and forced cotton to open prematurely, and with phenomenal rapidity. No ploughing for Fall seeding of grain has been practicable. Water mills in several sections have stopped and streams have shrunk.

The Cape Fear river at Fayetteville, which is usually navigable for steamers, is only a few inches deep. Some railways have difficulty in procuring water. Yet in spite of the drought, crops with the exception of cotton, are the largest in many years and farmers are generally satisfied.

BASE BALL.

Baltimore Wins the Game Played with Cleveland Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 7.—The two-time champions to-day made their first appearance on the home grounds in the Temple Cup series. There was a large police force on the grounds, but they had nothing to do as there was no disposition shown to interfere with the players. Nor was there any particular commotion among the rooters—no noise making device other than lusty voices being allowed in the inclosure. After the game, however, there was a little excitement outside the grounds when the Cleveland club entered its stage. A platoon of police escorted the Spiders to their omnibus and some of them rode down town with the players. Aside from a few flying missiles, which did no harm, the trip to their hotel was uneventful, Attendance 9,100. Score:

Baltimore, 012, 000, 20x—5; 9; 1.
Cleveland, 000, 000, 000—0; 5; 1.
Batteries: Esper and Robinson; Cuppy and Zimmer.

At midnight Gen. Mahone was still living, but his physicians held out no hope he would live through the night.

LATE FOREIGN NEWS.

Chinese Officials and the Ku-Cheng Massacre—Catholic Dignitaries to be Elevated to the Cardinalate—Ill-Feeling Towards Englishmen in Constantinople—Demonstration by a British Squadron Threatened.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, Oct. 7.—A dispatch from Shanghai to a news agency says that the Viceroy of Foo Chow is preventing the enforcement at Ku-Cheng of orders promulgated from Pekin. The foreign consuls report that in consequence of the action of this official it is perfectly useless to proceed with the inquiry into the recent outrage. British Vice Consul Allen has left Ku-Cheng in disgust.

PARIS, Oct. 7.—The *Figaro* publishes a dispatch from its correspondent in Rome which asserts that Archbishop Satoli, Papal nuncio at Vienna, and Monsignor Ferrata, Papal nuncio at Paris, will be elevated to the cardinalate at the next consistory.

CONSTANTINOPLE, October 7.—M. Dorigny, a French dentist, was arrested on October 3 and was beaten by the police. He was released on declaring that he was not an Englisman.

The rioting has not been renewed, but a feeling of alarm still prevails.

BERLIN, Oct. 7.—The *Tageblatt* says that the Turkish populace is inflamed against England, and that the appearance of a British fleet before Constantinople is feared as it doubtless would lead to sanguinary scenes.

The paper further says that Sir Phillip Currie the British Ambassador in his last interview with Grand Visior Kamil insisted that a definite reply in regard to the reforms suggested by the powers should be given by Thursday next. If such a reply was not given, a British squadron would anchor before Constantinople and would remain in the Bosphorus until the question was settled.

THE PRIZE FIGHTERS

Cannot Fight on Any Ground Over Which the United States Has Control.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 7.—Attorney General Harmon to-day reiterated his statement made last week that the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight will not come off on any ground over which the United States has jurisdiction. The talk that the Six Nations or other Indian tribes have exclusive jurisdiction over their reservations or country and by adopting one prize fighter as a member of the tribe, can thus put them outside the pale of federal jurisdiction is regarded in federal legal circles here as simply nonsense, without basis of fact. The further contention that there is any ground within the boundaries of the United States over which some State or the United States has not police jurisdiction, is regarded as equally absurd. Slugger's island in the Missouri river, which is classed as "neutral ground," is under the police jurisdiction of the State of Missouri.

FATAL COLLISION.

Eighteen Persons Killed and One Hundred Injured.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

BRUSSELS, October 7.—Two heavily laden passenger trains and a freight train came into collision between Wavre and Ottignies, about eighteen miles from this city, last evening, and most of the cars of both trains were wrecked. Eighteen persons were killed outright and at least 100 were injured, some of them fatally. Among the passengers were M. Beernaert, President of the Chamber of Deputies, his wife and her sister, Madame Moulon. The latter was killed and Madame Beernaert was injured, though not seriously. M. Beernaert was unhurt. The freight ran into the passenger train.

OHIO DEMOCRATS.

Small Attendance at the Free Silver Conference.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, Oct. 7.—The attendance at the meeting of the Free Silver Democrats here to-day was not large. At 2 o'clock this afternoon the conference went into session at Mr. Thurman's office, with only five persons present. At that hour Mr. Thurman was reading an address to the Democrats of the State for the approval of his colleagues. It gives the usual argument of free coinage of silver and urges the necessity of the defeat of Senator Brice in his campaign for return to the United States Senate.

WARM WIRELETS.

The Virginia Agricultural and Mechanical Society commences a four days' Exposition to-day at Richmond. There will be good exhibits in all the departments and some fine horse racing.

It is stated in Madrid that the Government at Washington will not recognize the Cuban rebels as belligerents, nor will it interfere in the Cuban question unless the war is prolonged.

In official circles in Madrid it is reported that relations between Spain and the United States are friendly and cordial, notwithstanding rumors to the contrary published in Paris and London.

The alarming spread of diphtheria in Hammond, Ind., has compelled the authorities to close all the schools in order to check the disease. From one to three deaths have occurred daily for several days.

A small lamp exploded at the home of Mr. W. H. Evatt, Sunday evening, at Woodlawn, a suburb of Birmingham, Ala., resulting in the death of two sisters, Dora and Addie Evatt, aged 15 and 10 respectively.

At Greenbay, Wis., fire destroyed the docks of the Murphy Lumber Company, together with millions of feet of logs and lumber and a number of buildings. Loss $100,000; insurance $67,000. The fire was caused by a spark from a tug.

A Chicago dispatch says early yesterday evening five men armed and masked held up an electric car on the Evanston line between Edgewater and Argyle and robbed all the passengers. One of the passengers was shot and dangerously wounded.

The North Atlantic Squadron of Evolution, now at Hampton Roads, has completed the programme arranged at the beginning of the Summer, but it is probable that the movements will be continued through the Winter, the fleet remaining intact.

The British and German Ministers at Bogota, have demanded protection against popular violence and their respective legations are being guarded by police. The trouble has grown out of the attitude of the Government towards the English and German railway contractors.

The steamboat Gen. H. F. Duval, was burned yesterday at New Orleans. She was lying at the head of Austerlitz street, at which point three boats have been burned in the past year. All the fires originated from unknown causes. The loss is about $10,000. About half insured.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

APPOINTMENTS.

Wilmington District, W. S. Rone, P. E.

Wilmington, Fifth Street church, Oct 13th and 14th.
Onslow mission, Verona, Oct 17th.
Onslow circuit, Queen's Creek, Oct 19th and 20th.
Elizabeth circuit, Elizabethtown, Oct 26th and 27th.
Columbus circuit, Cerro Gordo, Nov 2.
Whiteville and Fair Bluff, Fair Bluff, Nov 3d and 3d.
Kenansville circuit, Charity, Nov 9th and 10th.
Magnolia circuit, Providence, Nov 10th and 11th.
Canon Creek circuit, Shiloh, Nov 16th and 17th.
Waccamaw circuit, Old Dock, Nov 19th.
Brunswick circuit, Macedonia, Nov 23rd and 24th.
Southport Station, night, Nov 24th.
Clinton circuit, Clinton, Nov 30th and Dec 1st.
Bladen circuit, Windsor, Dec 7th and 8th.
Wilmington, Bladen Street, night, Dec 8th.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for ess than 20 cents. tf

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance.

Lost—A small, Bamboo Cane with round head. The finder will be suitably rewarded on leaving it at this office. oct 8 1t*

$12 a day to agents selling the Royal White Metal Plater or taking orders for plating. Trade-secrets, formulas, receipts, etc., furnished free. A good agent can make two to three thousand dollars per year with the Royal Plater. For terms, etc., address Gray & Co., Plating Works, Columbus, Ohio. oct 8 tf

Photographs—The finest possible Photographs at low rates, $1.00 per dozen up. A fine line of Photo Frames from 15c up. U. C. Ellis, Photographer, 114 Market street, Wilmington, N. C. oct 3 tf

Flour, Sugar, Coffee, Snuff, Cigars and Tobacco, all at the lowest prices. Consignments of Cotton and Country Produce of all kinds solicited. Neill McKinnon, No. 3 South Water street. c21

Bicycle for sale cheap on easy payments. For information call at C. E. Gordon's Store. sep 21 tf

Electrical Bicycle Bells applied to Bicycles by Howard & King, No. 101 Front and Market streets. sep 21 tf

Beer on draught and any drink known to American or French Saloonists. Free lunch from eleven a. m. until one o'clock and from five to seven o'clock p. m., at A. P. Levy's French Cafe, Princess street. sep 5 tf

Frank McNeill, Attorney at Law. Office in the Smith building up-stairs, Princess street, Wilmington, N. C. Will practice in this, Richmond, Robeson and adjoining counties, aug 29 tf

The celebrated pale Kyffhauser Beer! Sold only by F. Richter, Wilmington, N. C.

WILMINGTON Intelligence Bureau, Wilmington, N. C. Still in the lead for servants. Want one girl, White, German preferred, who will work for $8 per month, where she will have a home. R. B. Reardon, Prop. jy 7 tf

Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store 211 Market street. c21

Hayden, F. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skilful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House c21

Mullets.

100 Barrels September Mullets,

Packed in 100 lb. Northern barrels.

FOR SALE LOW.

Write for quotations.

Large Stock of Tobacco and Cigars at Close Figures.

SAMUEL BEAR, Sr.,

sep 22 tf 12 Market St.

Seed Rust Proof Oats.

One car load R. P. Oats.

15 bags RED ONIONS.
200 bbls. new catch MULLETS.
150 boxes CHEESE,

and car loads of other goods not advertised. When in need of anything in a wholesale Grocers line don't fail to get my prices. D. L. GORE,

120, 122, 124 North Water St.,

oct 1 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Frank H Stedman, Jas. S. Worth.

Stedman & Worth.

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life.

Office at Banking House of the Wilmington Savings and Trust Company jan 25 tf

Grand Opening

—OF—

MILLINERY,

FINE

DRESS

GOODS,

Novelties,

Wednesday Evening at 8 O'clock,

Johnson & Fore,

Importing Retailers,

No. 111 Market St.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

oct 6 tf

J. W. NORWOOD, President. W. J. TOOMER, Cashier.

W. C. COKER, Jr., Ass't Cashier.

Atlantic National Bank,

Wilmington, N. C.

Liberal Loans Made on Approved Security at Lowest Rates.

NO INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

All Cash Collections remitted for on day of receipt. Accounts of individuals, firms, banks and other corporations solicited. Promptness, accuracy and safety guaranteed.

	July 11, 1893.	July 11, 1894.	July 11, 1895.
Surplus and Net Profits..	$15,968	$39,049	$40,113
Premiums on U. S. Bonds,	4,140	None.	None
Banking House, &c.....	15,600	15,000	13,500
Deposits,.....	323,080	470,000	510,000

Dividends paid past two years, 6 per cent. per annum.

Last installment of capital paid in October, 1893. aug 11 tf

Shoes, Shoes,

Oh, we have not only thought about that live energetic boy of yours, but we have provided for him. He will want shoes for school wear. We have the shoe—a regular wear-defying shoe—we can show you a complete line of Youth's and Boy's Lace and Button Shoes at $1.00, $1.25, $1 50 and $2.00. If you will examine our shoes you will be astonished at our Low Prices. If you are not interested in Boy Shoes, come in and see our shoes for dress, street, outing, all purposes, for all ages and pocketbooks. We will more than please you.

Geo. R. French & Sons.

oct 6 tf

House Warming

WEEK

—AT—

Katz & Polvgt's,

No. 9 North Front St.

Johnny: Mamma, are you going to Katz & Polvogt's to-day?

Mamma: To be sure, my boy, this is their house warming week.

Johnny: Please take me with you, mamma, they are going to have music.

EVERYBODY SHOULD CALL THIS WEEK AND SEE THE LATE ARRIVALS IN

Fall and Winter Goods.

MUSIC

From 10 a. m. to 1 p. m. and 3 to 6 p. m.

KATZ & POLVOGT,

LEADING

DryGoods

HOUSE,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

oct 6 tf

Foreclosure Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF THE PROVISIONS OF THE power of sale contained in a certain mortgage made by Daniel Hall and wife, Amanda, to the Hanover Building and Loan Association duly registered on the records of New Hanover County in Book No. 14, pages 463-65, the undersigned will expose for sale to the highest bidder at Public Auction, for cash, on Saturday, the 12th day of October, 1895, at 12 o'clock M., at the front door of the Court House, of the county of New Hanover, in the city of Wilmington, the following described property, to-wit: Beginning in the northern line of Wooster street, 41 feet west of the western line of Third street, runs thence west with said line of Wooster street 41½ feet, thence north parallel with Third street 66 feet, thence east parallel with Wooster street 41½ feet, thence south parallel with Third street 66 feet to the beginning, being part of lot 6, block 60.

JOHN D. BELLAMY, Jr., Attorney for Mortgagee.

Sept. 21 1895. till oct 12
sep 22

The Wilmington Steam Laundry,

CORNER FRONT AND ORANGE STREETS,

under the management of Mr. L. L. Dyckman, of New York, is now turning out good work. Our wagon is large, and so arranged that we can carry those big puff sleeves on the ladies' waists two at a time. We have a sewing machine for repairing, and a girl to mend the clothes.

We have ordered the latest machine for ironing white wing and turn down collars without cracking, and those that are cracked will come out with a perfectly smooth edge. This is something the public have complained of for some time, and we are now able to remedy the evil. Try the Wilmington Steam Laundry, Front and Orange streets.

J. T. HARPER, Prop'r

L. L. DYCKMAN, Manager, sept 22 tf

Old Newspapers.

YOU CAN BUY OLD NEWSPAPERS, in quantities to suit,

At Your Own Price,

At the STAR Office,

Suitable for WRAPPING PAPER, and Excellent for Placing Under Carpets.

CLOTHING AT RETAIL

—AT—

Strictly Wholesale Prices

Means just what it says. We can afford to do it. Our great manufacturing facilities, our wholesale business, the small expense of our retail department notwithstanding the large volume of business put us in position to sell at close margins.

THE PRICES TELL THE STORY.

$7.50 all-Wool Black Clay Dress Suits, Sack and Cutaway.

$5 and $6 splendid Dress Business Suits, neat patterns, Plaids, Checks, etc. Impossible to retail Clothiers, under $10.

$7.50 every possible pattern, easily worth $10 to $12.

$10—Such Suits as you are accustomed to paying $15 for.

$12 and $15 the highest pinacle of the Tailor's art Foreign and Domestic Worsteds.

Black and Blue Cheviots $5, $6, $7.50, $10, $12.

BOYS' SUITS $2, $2.50, $3, $3.50.

Save the Retailer's Profit.

A. DAVID & Co.,

Front and Princess Streets.

sep 29 tf

THE JNO. L. BOATWRIGHT Co.

FINE FAMILY GROCERIES.

Assortment and Quality Unsurpassed.

Prices Based on Small Profits.

PROMPT DELIVERY OF GOODS.

THE JNO. L. BOATWRIGHT CO.,

15 and 17 South Front street, Wilmington, N. C.

Telephone 14. oct 6 tf

YOU CAN FIND

At Wilmington's Big Racket Store the Largest Stock of Carpets in the State. Our line of samples, 150 different styles, to select from. We have the measure taken of the room, and the carpet cut to fit and made for 5 cents a yard extra. Brussels at 48 and 65c; two ply, three-fourths wool, beautiful patterns, at 39c; better at 40, 50, 65 and 85c a yard. Marquets at 90, 99c, $1.30, $1.50 and $1.75. Hemp carpet at 12½, 15 and 18c, and matting at 10, 12½, 15, 18, 20 and 23c a yard. Carpet paper at 3 and 4c a yard. Carpet tacks 12 papers for 10c and 1c each. Staple tacks 3 boxes for 5c. We have 25 Wilson Heaters. They are the very best heaters made. The small size at $4.50; the medium size at $6.00; the parlor size at $9.00. They are very economical in fuel. Will save enough on the cost of your wood bill in three months to pay for one of them. We will have our opening of fine Millinery on Thursday and Friday, October 10 and 11. We have the largest and best stock of fine pattern hats we have ever been able to show. We cordially invite all ladies that feel interested in the styles of the Fall and Winter head wear to visit us and look—give our stock of Fine Hats and Trimmings a look. Remember we carry Dress Goods, Shoes, Cloaks, Clothing, men's and boy's Hats, Guns, Pocket-knives, Lace Curtains, Window Shades, and many other things we have not room to mention.

Braddy & Gaylord, Prop.

Of Wilmington's Big Racket Store, at 119 North Front street, opposite the Orton House. oct 6 tf

New Catch MULLETS.

Put Up in Nice New Packages.

Send in your orders.

HALL & PEARSALL,

Nutt and Mulberry streets.

sep 6 D&W tf

BEST

Condensed News,
Stories,
Miscellany,
Women's Department,
Children's Department,
Agricultural Department
Political Department,
Answers to Correspondents
Editorials.
Everything,

WILL BE FOUND IN THE

Weekly Courier-Journal

A ten-p age, eight-column Democratic Newspaper.

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Courier-Journal Company,

dec 26 tf LOUISVILLE, KY